SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

DAILY UNION SERIES—VOL. LVII.—NO. 9676.
DAILY RECORD SERIES—VOL. XXV.—NO. 4680.

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1882.

DAILY RECORD UNION SERIES
VOLUME XV—NUMBER 39

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

Entered at the Post Office at Sacramento as second class matter

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Publication Office, Third st., bet. J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

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For six months	5 00
For three months	3 00
Ten copies one year, to one address	80 00

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Three times	50 cents
One week	75 cents

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[Published in semi-weekly parts].

Is issued on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, comprising Eight Pages in each issue, or Sixteen Pages each week, and is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific coast.

Terms, One Year $2 50

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Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

WANTED.

MALE—	FEMALE—
4 Ranch Hands,	6 Girls for Housework,
3 Blacksmiths,	1 Waiter Girl,
3 Milkers,	2 Women Cooks,
2 Cooks,	1 Housekeeper,
3 Waiters.	3 Nurse Girls.

Apply to Houston & Co.'s Employment office. Fourth and K streets. d15 1ptf

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Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

FOR SALE—A QUANTITY OF SECOND-HAND TYPE: Job and Body Type, Cuts, Borders, Chases, etc. Will be sold at a bargain to make room for a new assortment. Apply to CHARLES SCHMITT, *Journal* Job Printing Office, No. 305 J street, Sacramento. a6 3t*

FOR RENT—FOUR FRONT SUITES IN THE Howard House, K st., bet. Front and Second. Also, 7 single rooms, gas and stationery washstands. Also, 3 unfurnished rooms. Apply to J. LANSING, International Hotel; or, MRS. J. LANSING, Howard House. a4-1w*

FARM - BUYERS, NOTICE! — IF YOU wish to buy a farm of any kind, and need or want the assistance of a land-broker, please call on CARL STROBEL, 321 J street, Sacramento, Cal. I can suit you. m31-2w&swS2*

FOR SALE—A JOBBING WINE AND liquor business, having a good run of customers; will be sold cheap, present owner desiring to sell on account of his health. Capital required, from $3,000 to $5,000. Address J. H., this office. m22 tf

GOOD PASTURAGE

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE CAN BE had on the San Juan Grant, north of the American River from Folsom. There is an abundance of good water, and premises are inclosed with new board fence. Terms reasonable. Apply to JOHN T. CARDWELL, Folsom, Sacramento county, Cal. a4-tf

VINEYARD FOR SALE.

26 ACRES OF BEARING GRAPE-vines, 3 acres of garden and orchard, 14 acres grain land, making a farm of 43 acres; house and other improvements; five miles from here, on high land. This is a nice place, and in shape to return a good income on $4,300. Inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J street, Sacramento. a16t&sw2t*

THIRTY DAYS' FURTHER TIME.

HOMES FOR SALE ABOVE THE DEBRIS and below the snow. I have for sale cheap a few nice pieces of No. 1 fruit land in the warm belt of Placer county, with beautiful building spots, ranging from $10 to $40 per acre, according to location and improvements, and from 20 to 200 acres, to suit purchasers. For further particulars inquire of or address W. W. FIPPINS, Penryn, Placer county, Cal. m21 1plm

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE, AT A LOW RATE OF INterest, by PETER BOHL, 325 J street. m17-tf

TO LET,

THE CAMPI RESTAURANT, ON K STREET, between First and Second. Inquire of L. C. CHANDLER, No. 227 J street. m21-tf

DENTISTRY.

W. WOOD,

DENTIST.—(REMOVED TO QUINN'S Building, corner Fourth and J streets). Artificial Teeth inserted on all bases. Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. m24-tf

DRS. BREWER & SOUTHWORTH,

DENTISTS, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF Seventh and J streets, in Bryte's new building, up stairs. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas. m15-1plm

H. H. PIERSON,

DENTIST, 415 J STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Fifth, Sacramento. Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold, Vulcanite and all bases. Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas administered for the painless extraction of Teeth. m14-1m

W. H. HARE, D. D. S.,

DENTIST, NO. 605 J STREET, BEtween Sixth and Seventh, Sacramento. m11-1plm

Chickering Pianos,

WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS

—AT WAREROOMS OF—

L. K. HAMMER,

No. 820 J street, ... Sacramento.

Sold on the installment plan. Orders for TUNING promptly attended to. fe20 1plm

THE VERY CHOICEST

SMOKED HEAD CHEESE, TONGUE SAUSAGE, SEVALAT SAUSAGE, ITALIAN SAUSAGE, BONELESS HAM, CREAM CHEESE, GENUINE SWISS CHEESE, etc., just received from the East. Besides FRESH SAUSAGES of all kinds received every other day from best San Francisco manufactory, at

F. BAUMLE

426 J street.... m6-1p6m]. All sold at lowest prices.

Sacramento Swimming Baths,

1024 K ST., ARE NOW OPEN EVERY DAY and evening. This invites everybody to come, that they may see and have some jolly fun. m25-1ptf R. E. ELLIOTT, Manager.

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.

NEUBOURG & LAGES,

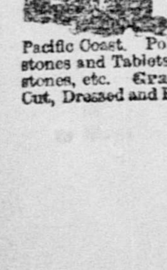
NOS. 50, 52 AND 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO, dealers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies, Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals, etc. Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain Bags for sale. Agents Buckeye Mills Flour, Marysville. m17-1p

G. GRIFFITHS,

PENRYN

GRANITE WORKS

PENRYN CAL.



THE BEST VARIETY AND Largest Quarries on the Pacific Coast. Polished Granite Monuments, Tombstones and Tablets made to order. Granite Building Stone, steps, etc. Cut, Dressed and Polished to order. o11-1p6m

HALE BROS. & CO.

DRESS NOVELTIES!

We have just received direct from New York, and are

THIS WEEK

—SHOWING SOME ENTIRELY—

NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS

—IN—

Dress Materials

—FOR—

Spring Wear!

The highest novelty out this season is the

"Benzaline Combination!"

The material is Silk and Wool, and is 46 inches wide. The trimming is especially designed for the same.

Similar to the "BENZALINE" is a very stylish Pin Check Combination, in All-wool and Double-width. The Trimming for this, like the "Benzaline," is designed expressly for it, and can be used with no other goods.

In the less expensive goods, we have some very pretty effects, and a large assortment to select from, consisting of:

TABREZO CLOTH

—AND—

SCARBORO SUITINGS!

We would invite particular attention to our

COLORED AND BLACK MOIRE STRIPED SILKS AND SATINS!

Which, upon examination, will be found decidedly cheap, and excellent value for the money.

In the lighter weight Dress Material for Summer wear, we are showing some beautiful goods in

COLORED DOTTED SWISS,
DOTTED SWISS,
LINEN LAWNS,
PIQUES, NAINSOOKS & TARLATAN.

The patterns in these goods are entirely new and decidedly pretty, and we are confident that the most esthetic and fastidious can make agreeable selections.

SPECIAL!—Just received from New York, ONE CASE OF BRIGHTON SUITINGS, a nice, inexpensive Dress Material, which we have placed on our counters at the extremely low price of 8 1-3 cents per yard.

Parasols! Parasols!

Our stock of PARASOLS is now complete, making a large and elegant collection in all of the latest style Lace, Silk, Satin, Cotton and Japanese.

Orders by Mail receive special attention, and are filled the day they are received.

HALE BROS. & CO.

829, 831, 833, 835 K street,

—AND—

1026 NINTH STREET, SACRAMENTO.

MECHANICS' STORE.

For Advertisement of WEINSTOCK & LUBIN, see Second Page. It will be changed daily

THE FINEST DRINK In the World. NAPA SODA. TRY A NAPA SODA LEMONADE. m16-1p3m

Palmer & Sepulveda

(Successors to J. S. TROWBRIDGE),

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

Northeast Corner Second and K streets, Sacramento.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT ALL HOURS, BOTH DAY AND NIGHT, AT THE LOWEST RATES. fe28-1ply

REAL ESTATE SALESROOM

—AND—

INSURANCE OFFICE

—OF—

W. P. COLEMAN

No. 325 J street, Sacramento, Cal.

FOR SALE OR TO LET ALL KINDS OF PROPERTY.—HOUSES SOLD ON INSTALLMENT PLAN. Money Loaned on Real Estate. m17-1ply

LATEST STYLES —OF— Fine French Colored SHIRTS. SHIRTS! MADE TO ORDER —BY— F. Mason, m23 1plm SEND FOR SAMPLES TO SACRAMENTO SHIRT FACTORY, 528 J STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO CARDS.

SAN FRANCISCO

Business Directory

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

David N. Hawley—Importer and Dealer in Agricultural Implements, and Agent of Howe's Improved U. S. Standard Scales. No. 37 Market street.

Frank Bros.—General Ag'ts Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Co., 319 & 321 Market st.

George A. Davis & Co.—Manufacturers' Agents, 327 and 329 Market street.

Baker & Hamilton—Importers of Agricultural Implements and Hardware; Agents of the Benicia Agricultural Works, 7 to 19 Front street.

ARTISTS.

Houseworth—Optician and Photographer, No. 12 Montgomery street. Established in 1851.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

Pacific Business College and Telegraphic Institute—(Life Scholarship, for full Business Course, $70). W. E. Chamberlain, Jr., and T. A. Robinson, Proprietors, No. 320 Post street, opposite Union Square, S. F., Cal. Send for Circulars.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

Studebaker Bros. Manufacturing Co.—Repository, 31 Market street. A. H. Isham, Manager.

DRY GOODS.

The White House—The oldest Dry Goods House in San Francisco. We import direct from the principal marts in Europe, consequently can sell lower than any other house in the trade. Country orders attended to. J. W. Davidson & Co., Nos. 101 and 103 Kearny street, San Francisco.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.

Justin Gates.—Pioneer Druggist, removed to 123 Montgomery st., S. F. Country orders solicited.

EDUCATIONAL.

School of Civil Engineering, Surveying. Drawing and Assaying. 24 Post st. A. Van der Naillen.

The Berkeley Gymnasium—A First-class Academical Institution, affords a Classical, Literary, Scientific and Business Education. For catalogues or particulars, address JOHN F. BURRIS, Superintendent, Berkeley, Cal.

HATS.

Herrmann, The Hatter—No. 336 Kearny street, near Pine. The finest hats at the lowest prices. Factory: No. 17 Belden street.

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, ETC.

Marcus C. Hawley & Co.—Importers of Hardware and Agricultural Implements, Nos. 301, 303, 305, 307 and 309 Market street, San Francisco.

METALS, STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

W. W. Montague & Co.—Importers of Stoves, Ranges and Sheet Iron, Marbleized Mantels, Grates and Tiles. Manufacturers of Plain, Japanned and Stamped Tinware. Nos 110 112, 114, 116 and 118 Battery street.

MILLINERY.

The Bandbox—The popular Millinery Establishment. B. S. Hirsch & Co., No. 748 Market street. Strict attention to orders from the interior.

RESTAURANTS.

Campi's Original Italian Restaurant has reopened under the management of N. Giamboni, Campi's former partner. Nos. 531 and 533 Clay st., near Montgomery. Everything first-class.

Swain's Family Bakery and Dining Saloon—No. 636 Market street. Wedding cakes, ice cream, oysters, jellies, etc., constantly on hand. Families supplied.

RUBBER AND OIL GOODS.

The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company—Manufacturers of Rubber Goods of every description. Patentees of the celebrated "Maltese Cross Brand" Carbolized Hose. Corner First and Market streets. J. W. Taylor, Manager.

Davis & Kellogg—Pioneer Manufacturers of Caps and Oiled Clothing, Hats, Covers, etc. Importers and Dealers in Rubber Boots and Woolen Goods. No. 34 California street.

STATIONERS, PRINTERS ETC.

H. S. Crocker & Co.—Importing and Manufacturing Stationers, Printers and Lithographers, Nos 215, 217 and 219 Bush street, above Sansome.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Wellman, Peck & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in Tobacco and Cigars, Nos. 126 to 132 Market, and No. 23 California.

Taber, Harker & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 108 and 110 California street.

SACRAMENTO RECORD-UNION.

San Francisco Office, No. 531 California street.—J. H. Sharpe, Agent.

TAXES! TAXES!

1882.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Assessment Roll of the Taxable Property of the city of Sacramento (real estate and personal) for the fiscal year 1882 has this day been received; that the city taxes for said fiscal year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned, Room 1, Water Works Building. Said taxes will be delinquent on the

Second Monday in May, 1882,

And that unless paid prior thereto five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. Please furnish the office with memorandum of your property, which can be done through the Postoffice, if more convenient, and your bills will be made out and ready for you when you call; or, if you so request, sent to your address. This being done, examine bills, and if correct, inclose check drawn to order, and when collected receipted bills will be sent to you.

GEO. A. PUTNAM,
City Tax Collector.

Sacramento, April 3, 1882. a4-5t

UNION

INSURANCE COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO

Fire and Marine.

CAPITAL, fully paid $750,000

Losses promptly adjusted and paid in gold coin. CADWALADER & PARSONS, General Agents Sacramento Division, No. 61 J street. m13-4ptf

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

A. MOOSER. S. GERSON.

S. GERSON & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND Dealers in Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts, Etc.

No. 220 J street, between Second and Third, Sacramento. a2-1m

D. DEBERNARDI. JAS. GARZOLI.

D. DEBERNARDI & CO.,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALERS IN

Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Vegetables,

Fruit, Fish and General Produce.

m27-1plm

LONGTON & MAY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Poultry, Fish, Game, Butter,

EGGS and MARKET PRODUCE.

Country orders a specialty.

FULTON MARKET, FIFTH AND K STS. m25-1plm

LYON & BARNES,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN Produce, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, Green and Dry Fruits, Honey, Beans, etc.

ALFALFA SEED.

Potatoes in car-load lots or less.

m23-1ptf Nos. 21 and 23 J street.

W. R. STRONG & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Merchants

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

CALIFORNIA GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS

NUTS, HONEY, SEED

And General Merchandise.

All orders promptly attended to. Address: W. R. STRONG & CO., m8-1plm Nos. 6, 8 and 10 J street, Sacramento.

FRUIT DEALERS,

ATTENTION!

HAVING REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS premises, we have enlarged our stock. We offer you choice Apples, free from worms, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Dried Fruits, Nuts, Dates, Canned Goods, etc., at very low prices.

M. T. BREWER & CO.,

1006 to 1010 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento. fe22tf

EUGENE J. GREGORY. FRANK GREGORY. CHARLES F. DILLMAN.

GREGORY & CO.

(Successors to J. Gregory),

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA Produce and Fruit.

fe21-1ptf Nos. 126 and 128 J Street.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

HOTEL LANGHAM,

CORNER FOURTH AND L STREETS, SACRAMENTO—Strictly first-class, on the European plan.

Free coach from Railroad Depot. Fine sample rooms.

a1 4plm TERRY & CO., Managers.

UNION HOTEL.

SECOND AND K STREETS, SACRAMENTO, Cal. Rooms, 50 cents and $1 per day. Special rates by the month. Billiards, choice liquors and cigars. Hot lunch daily from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M.

W. O. ("JOE") BOWERS, a1-4plm Proprietor.

STATE HOUSE,

Corner Tenth and K Streets, Sacramento.

H. ELDRED, PROPRIETOR—Board and lodging at the most reasonable rates. Bar and billiard rooms attached. Street cars pass the door every five minutes.

Free omnibus to and from the House. m16-4plm

MISSISSIPPI KITCHEN.

OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE,

Third Street, Between J and K.

NEXT DOOR TO RECORD-UNION office. Open day and night.

A. J. SENATZ, Proprietor.

fe19-4plm

HELVETIA HOUSE.

FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN J AND K, SACRAMENTO—Good board and lodging.

X. HOLDENER and J. GEMSCH, Proprietors.

Farmers and Dairymen can always find good milkers and butter-makers at this house. fe16-4plyr

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL,

CORNER SEVENTH AND K STREETS SACRAMENTO.—First-class in every respect. The Largest, Finest and Best-Ventilated Hotel in the city. RATES—$3, $2 50 and $2 per day, according to room. Free Bus to and from the Hotel.

J. McNASSER (late of Denver), fe4-4plm Proprietor.

MARKETS.

LOWEST PRICES

—FOR—

CHOICEST MEATS,

AT NEW YORK MARKET,

CORNER OF TENTH AND K STREETS.

CASH paid for live stock, and all country orders promptly responded to. M. F. ODELL (successor to M. M. Odell & Son). m13-4plm

EDW. CADWALADER.

OFFICE, CORNER THIRD AND J STREETS; residence, corner Tenth and N streets. Sacramento, Cal.

Notary Public.
United States Commissioner.
Commissioner of Deeds for the States and Territories, and Conveyancer. Particular attention paid to taking depositions.
Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Leases, Contracts, etc. drawn and acknowledged. fe19-tf

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

The Chinese Question—New Secretary of the Interior—The Navy Portfolio and the Russian Mission — Ultimatum of Hungry Indians—The Peruvian Company Investigation—Congressional Proceedings—The Imprisoned Americans in Ireland—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The *Sun's* Washington special says: When the President was told that his veto would cost the Republican party their control of the Pacific States, he is reported to have said that he had not given party considerations a thought while examining the bill, and that if any party would reap any advantage from Executive approval or disapproval of a bill which involves American principles that have been in vogue for 100 years, it would be the party in the long run which stood on true American ground. The veto is understood to be the President's own composition, and when he read it to the Cabinet it was sustained by all but two members. David Davis is reported as being delighted with the President's stand, and as saying that the President will be the gainer.

Ex-Minister Angell and the Chinese Bill.

DETROIT, April 6th.—The *Post and Tribune*, of this city, will contain to-morrow morning the report of an interview with President Angell, of the University, who was United States Minister, and who negotiated the recent treaties with China. In regard to the bill just vetoed by the President, Mr. Angell said he had neither the time nor inclination to become involved in any controversy on the matter, but was willing to talk on the subject. "I see," said he, "that Commissioner Swift says there was an understanding that even as much as thirty years prohibition would not be considered unreasonable. I have no recollection of any limit of time being agreed to. When we first conferred with the Chinese they spoke of limitations of time and number, but afterwards said they only intended to use that expression by way of illustration, as, for instance, asking what would be the result if the Chinese were permitted to come only in alternate years, or were prohibited from coming for one, two or three years. They asked us, too, what legislation Congress would enact. We said we could not tell, but wished to make a treaty which would impose reasonable restrictions. Now that is the central point in the whole matter—whether the twenty-year limit in the vetoed bill was a reasonable one or not—and that is purely a matter of opinion on which there can be no hope of unanimity of action. When such a question is to be considered, the only way, after discussing it, is to call the roll and see who have the most votes. Personally, I think the twenty-year limit too large and should have voted against it if I had had an opportunity probably. I should not like to favor a longer limit than five years myself, though when I say that I do not express my final judgment. I have not thought it over sufficiently to do so. The purposes for which we were sent to China were in brief these: Nearly every nation in the world has imposed more or less stringent restriction on the immigration of Chinese. We had surrendered our right to impose restrictions to a great extent. The question of Chinese immigration has been growing more and more serious, in the Pacific States particularly, and it was thought wise to frame a new treaty by which the right to limit should be regained."

President Angell said there was no question that the general sentiment in California considered further Chinese immigration undesirable. Such opinions were not confined to the sand lots. The Chinese Government were willing to consent to such treaty stipulations as should best serve the interests of their citizens, whose good they sought. They recognized the irritation in this country, and desired to alleviate it for the good of their own people. He suspected that if the people of other parts of this country were situated as those are in San Francisco, there would be a good deal of the same condition of public sentiment.

As to how the veto would be received in China, President Angell said: "There will be no interest whatever in the subject amongst the great masses of the people, for they know nothing about it. In the Foreign Office there will be great interest. The news has probably reached Shanghai by this time; but what the Government would have thought of the passage of the bill, I cannot tell. The masses cannot, I suppose, know that there is such a country as America. The immigration all comes from provinces near Canton, and from a strip of country about as large as the New England States. These people were a maritime race, imbued with a spirit of commerce and travel. Whether they are imported by the Six Companies, so called, or whether they learn of America from their returned companions, I do not know. Both theories are stoutly maintained. I can hardly see how the vetoing of the bill causes an increase of immigration of Chinese to this country, for, as I said, the people generally do not know there is such a country as America. I suppose I could have asked a thousand Chinamen whom I met on the streets of Shanghai whether any such thing as Chinese emigration had been discussed by them, and they would not have known what I was talking about. The chief difficulty in the whole Chinese question," continued President Angell, "is the fact that these people do not assimilate like Europeans, nor do they scatter over the country. If the 75,000 Chinamen in San Francisco would move to different parts of the country, instead of remaining there, there would be no agitation and no difficulty; but they are a gregarious people. In their own country they are the same clannish race, with most bitter feuds existing between different villages."

President Angell said the fifth objection of the Chinese Minister, that there was no provision in the bill for the protection of Chinese traveling through the United States to Cuba and elsewhere, was a good one. There are Chinamen in some South American countries and Cuba. The fact that practically prohibitory legislation has been enacted relative to Chinese in Australia, without previous notice, is not generally known.

President Angell thought, in conclusion, the whole question turns on the construction put upon the word reasonable, as used in the treaty, and what is reasonable is a question of fact in which men will be of different minds.

A Trio of Bills.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—Three Chinese bills were introduced in the House to-day, the first by Page, for a suspension of ten years; another by Berry, for a suspension of sixteen years, and a third by Willis, for fifteen years. The measures introduced by Page and Berry are otherwise identical with the vetoed bill. The bill of Willis is a copy of the bill introduced by him while the subject was before the House Committee on Education and Labor, which provides for a system of registration and passports somewhat different from the machinery of the bill finally agreed upon.

The Ten-Year Limit.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—Senator Miller had a talk with the President this morning, and says he now knows that a ten-year bill will be promptly approved.

The Democrats and the Chinese Question.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—At to-day's meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, a disposition, amounting apparently to a settled purpose, was developed on the part of one or two of its Democratic members, to delay or prevent any material modification of the terms of the vetoed Chinese bill, and thus either force another veto or wholly postpone the passage of new bills until the next session of Congress. A similar desire was manifested in the House of Representatives to-day by Springer and several other Democratic members, who promptly rose to their feet to object to Page's introduction of a bill to suspend Chinese immigration, even for reference to a committee.

Jubilant Johns.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The Chinamen of this city contemplate holding a mass meeting to celebrate the President's veto of the Chinese bill at an early day.

The President's Veto Applauded.

NEWARK (N. J.), April 6th.—The Newark Methodist Episcopal Conference passed a resolution approving President Arthur's veto of the anti-Chinese bill.

Legislative Indorsement.

HARTFORD, April 6th.—The House passed resolutions to-day warmly indorsing the veto.

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—Saunders, from the Committee on Territories, reported without amendment a bill for the admission of Dakota.

A bill passed appropriating $50,000 for the immediate relief of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

Farley introduced his 16-year Chinese bill. Miller reported an original bill for the ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports.

The bill to fix a day for the meeting of electors for President and Vice-President, and provide for and register the counting of votes for President and Vice-President, and a decision of the questions arising therefrom, was further discussed, and passed by a viva voce vote.

Adjourned till Monday.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, April 6th. — Page asked unanimous consent to introduce his Chinese bill.

Springer objected, and Page said he would ask for consent to introduce the bill until successful.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff Commission bill.

Kasson hoped to get a vote early next week.

When the committee rose Page of California made another attempt to introduce his Chinese bill, but was again met with an objection from Springer, who suggested that the bill should be first taken to the White House and submitted to the President for his approval, but he subsequently withdrew his objections.

Page thereupon introduced the bill, and it was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

Willis of Kentucky then introduced a bill to regulate, limit and suspend the immigration of Chinese laborers by a fifteen-years' suspension. Referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, as was also a bill introduced by Berry of California, to execute a treaty stipulation in reference to the Chinese with a sixteen-years' suspension.

A motion to adjourn over till Monday was voted down, and the House adjourned till to-morrow.

The Interior and Navy Portfolios—The Russian Mission.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The President has nominated Henry U. Teller, of Colorado, to be Secretary of the Interior, Wm. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, to be Secretary of the Navy, Wm. H. Hunt, of Louisiana, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 6th. — The Senate unanimously confirmed Senator Teller's nomination, and referred the others.

Chandler's Confirmation in Doubt.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The confirmation of Chandler appears to be in doubt. Several Democratic Senators, among them Beck, assert that he will not receive the Democratic vote. They also claim that several Republican Senators will vote against his confirmation.

The Imprisoned Americans in Ireland.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The President has sent to the Senate the report of Secretary of State Frelinghuysen relating to the American citizens imprisoned in Ireland. The Secretary says:

No copy of the "Act for better protection of persons and property in Ireland" (the Act under which the arrests complained of were made) being found in the Department of State here at the time of its passage - the 26th of May last—the then Secretary instructed Lowell to obtain and forward authentic copies at his earliest convenience. Lowell complied with this instruction on the 18th of June last, but meanwhile the Department seems to have obtained a copy of the Act, as the Secretary of State instructed Lowell as follows on the 24 of June last: "Whatever necessity there may be, in the estimation of her Majesty, for the existence and enforcement in Ireland of the exceptionable legislative measures recently enacted in respect to that country, this Government cannot view with unconcern the application of summary proceedings attendant upon the execution of these measures to naturalized citizens of the United States of Irish origin, whose business relations may render necessary their presence in Ireland or any other part of the United Kingdom, or whose filial instincts or love for kindred may have prompted them to revisit their native country. If American citizens, while within British jurisdiction, offend against British laws, this Government will not seek to shield them from the legal consequences of their acts; but it must insist upon the application to their cases of those common principles of criminal jurisprudence which in the United States secures to every man who offends against its laws, whether he be an American citizen or a foreign subject, those incidents to criminal prosecution which afford the best safeguard to personal liberty and the strongest securities against oppression under forms of law which might otherwise be practiced through excessive zeal; that an accused person shall immediately upon arrest be informed of the specific crime or offense upon which he is held, and that he shall be offered an opportunity for speedy trial before an impartial Court and jury, are essential to every criminal prosecution, necessary alike to the protection of innocence and the ascertainment of guilt.

Lowell replied: "It will give me great pleasure to communicate to Lord Granville the views you have so clearly and eloquently expressed as to the injustice of some of the features of the so-called Protection Act, and especially to its retroactive character; but I would respectfully suggest whether any steps would be gained toward the speedy trial or release of Walsh by an argument against the law under which he was apprehended, so long as Lord Granville expressly refuses to make any distinction between British subjects and American citizens in the application of the law."

On the 31st of January last the House of Representatives called for a list of all American citizens, naturalized or native born, under arrest or imprisonment, and especially such of said citizens as may be arrested under a suspension of the habeas corpus in Ireland, etc. A copy of this resolution was forwarded to Lowell.

It appears from his return that the following arrests and imprisonment of persons claiming to be American citizens were made after January 31, 1881, namely, M. B. Fogarty, Michael Boyden, Daniel McSweeney, Henry O'Mahony, James Daly, M. C. Enery, Dennis O'Connor, Michael Hart and Joseph Dalton.

In the course of the correspondence it appears that Boyden was not an American citizen, and some doubt was thrown by the Consul at Cork upon Mahoney's naturalization.

On the 3d of March last the Secretary of State instructed Lowell to use all diligence in regard to the late cases, especially Hart and McSweeney.

On the 4th of the same month Lowell was instructed to inform the British Government that the President hoped, without discussing the applicability of the Coercion Act to citizens of the United States, the Lord-Lieutenant would be instructed to exercise the discretionary powers reposed in him by the first section, so far as to order the speedy trials of all the imprisoned American citizens.

On the 16th of the same month Lowell was again instructed to call attention to this subject, and to say that the President did not wish to appear unreasonable, but would be relieved if he could inform Congress that his request for the speedy trials of the Americans had been complied with.

On the 25th of March Lowell was again instructed to say that the President hoped her Majesty's Government would see its way to an early and favorable answer to his request.

The negotiations, still going on, have so far reached a conclusion that but three persons remain in prison, and there is good reason to believe results will be reached satisfactory to both Governments.

Several telegrams have passed between London and Washington during the recent pending negotiations which are not thought compatible with public interests to disclose at present. Accompanying the communication are dispatches from Minister Lowell, and the Consul at Cork, showing that O'Connor had acted as Treasurer of the Land League, and that O'Mahony was a Poor Law Guardian at the time of his arrest.

The Peruvian Company Matter.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—In the Peruvian Company investigation to-day, Rice questioned Shipherd closely in regard to Blaine's position in the matter, but his replies were guarded and unsatisfactory. He only threw out the intimation that Blaine seemed interested, and suggested to witness that he join with the moneyed French company.

Shipherd denied that he ever told a reporter of the *Republican*, or anybody else, that he would make a sensation in Court; had never made any statement for publication outside of the Court-room, although he had talked to a man he believed not to be a reporter in a similar strain. He refused to give his name.

Shipherd then read a statement that he was most embarrassed, as, Hurlbut being dead, to proceed would appear like attacking the character of a man gone to meet his God, and could not reply; but in justice to himself and the great interests he represented, he must proceed.

Rice interrupted by a suggestion that Shipherd should state his own motives, but not attempt to construe Hurlbut's or other persons.

Shipherd answered by reiterating his former testimony that he expected Hurlbut to act the dog in the manger and thwart their purposes unless he were purchased. He did not assert that Hurlbut was not a pure, honorable man, but that his own (Shipherd's) motive was simply self-protection. Witness believed that Hurlbut never was purchased, but always obstructed the scheme, aided by Secretary Blaine.

The Ford Boys Already Threatened.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.), April 6th.—The Ford boys to-day received a threatening letter from a party signing himself "Nemo, alias Romeo," inclosed in an official envelope of the Tennessee Legislature, and dated Nashville, April 4th. The letter was written in pencil, and vows bitter and bloody vengeance upon Robert for killing Jesse James. The Ford boys are in excellent spirits, and are treated royally by friends and admirers. Both are confident that the body of the dead outlaw will be robbed after burial. Robert admits that he said he regretted the killing of James, but maintains that he said it for fun. He would have shot James if he had known he would be sent to the Penitentiary for a year, as James would have killed him if he learned of his connection with the detectives. The boys talk defiantly regarding the Nashville letter. They sat for photographs to-day. Orders for likenesses are pouring in from every direction, especially from New York. They speak in high terms of Mrs. James, and are not apprehensive of their future. Mrs. Samuels stated to some friends to-day that Kansas City parties had offered a large sum for her son's body, which offer she indignantly rejected. James Wallack, the actor, who is about to present a drama on the subject of the James boys, has sent an order to his agent here to buy the stolen horse ridden by James. Other orders for trinkets, such as the weapons, saddle, etc., of the dead outlaw, have also been received here.

Burial of Jesse James.

KEARNEY (Mo.), April 6th.—The burial of Jesse James at his old home was a pathetic scene. His mother said her dear boy Jesse was better off in heaven than he could be here. She fainted away when she took the last sight of him.

Jesse James' Brother.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.), April 6th.—Many persons believe Frank James to be in this vicinity with some of his old gang.

University Student Shot to Death.

ATHENS (Ga.), April 6th.—Walter Roundtree, a University student, was fatally shot to-day by Frank Johnson and Enoch C. Rhols (colored). Great excitement prevails. The negroes are defiant, and determined to rescue Johnson and Rhols from jail. The citizens and students are calm and decided in opposition. Bloodshed is feared.

Eastern Journals and the Veto.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Most of the editorial space of newspapers throughout the country is taken up with discussions of the Chinese question and the action of the President in regard to the bill restricting Chinese immigration. The majority of the journals consider the points well taken by the Chief Magistrate, and approve the veto.

Unwelcome Addition to a Family.

DENVER (Col.), April 6th.—The *Tribune's* special says: A woman living in a suburb of Leadville has given birth to a monstrosity, with a head resembling a lizard and hands like fins. It gives out an articulate sound. Its father had to be held to prevent him killing the child. It bids fair to live.

The Flooded Section.

MORGAN CITY (La.), April 6th.—There is eight feet of water all over the country, and 7,000 orange trees have been killed on the Pandelis plantation. Sixty head of cattle which were abandoned were seen drowning.

Municipal Elections.

COLUMBIA (S. C.), April 6th.—The Democratic Mayor and Aldermen are elected by 584 majority in a total vote of 1,066.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.), April 6th.—The Republican majority in the State is relatively larger than last year. Anthony is re-elected for the fifth term in the Senate.

Rapid Shooting.

CINCINNATI, April 6th.—Captain Bogardus shot 511 clay pigeons to-day in 34 minutes 7 seconds. He attempted to make 500 in 30 minutes.

Valuable Horses.

CHICAGO, April 6th.—Two of H. V. Berne's stud of horses—Mambrino Sturges, with a record of 2:28, and Mambrino Gotham—have been sold for $75,000 to Colonel M. Shaughnessy, of Salt Lake.

Horrible Deed of a Father.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Theodore Gebhart, while drunk, quarreled with his wife, and ordered a nine-year-old son out for beer. The wife refused to permit the boy to go, when the father brained the boy with a hammer and then cut his own throat.

Another Prize Fight.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Owen Maloney and Jacob Weeden, pugilists, will fight in Virginia June 13th.

Thermometrical.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Thermometer—Highest 44°, lowest 40°.

CHICAGO, April 6th. — Thermometer — Highest 47°, lowest 37°.

Catholic Church in Flames.

CINCINNATI, April 7th—A. M.—St. Xavier's Catholic Church is in flames, and will be nearly a total loss. The church was the largest and most costly in the city except the Cathedral. A new chime of bells was put in to-day. A very fine organ is also lost.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION

The Dead Outlaw's Mother.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.), April 6th.—At the inquest, Mrs. Samuels, mother of Jesse James, made considerable impression, and excited much sympathy. Her hair is black and gray, and she was in deep mourning. She was resolute at first, but soon became deeply affected. On leaving the Court-room she saw Dick Little. Her eyes rested on him a moment, when she turned upon him with the ferociousness of a tigress. "Traitor, traitor, traitor!" she exclaimed, excitedly. "God will send vengeance on you for this. You are the cause of all this. Oh! you villian! I would rather be in my poor boy's place than in yours." Little cowered like a whipped dog before the towering rage of the mother, and turned pale and red by turns. "I did not hurt him," he answered. "I thought you knew who killed him?" Mrs. Samuels' only reply was, "Oh! God! My poor boy! My poor boy!"

Municipal Elections in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, April 6th.—The entire Republican municipal ticket, headed by ex-Governor Ludington for Mayor, is defeated, with the exception of City Treasurer. This result is due to the fusion of the Trades Associations, Workingmen and Democrats throughout the State. In the interior cities there was but little interest in the local tickets. The day was rainy and bad, and the Democrats generally made gains.

Archbishop Purcell's Debts.

CINCINNATI, April 6th.—Archbishop Purcell's debts amount to $4,000,000, and his property $2,000,000 to $3,000,000. In Court yesterday the prosecution held that the Archbishop's estate is liable, and that the canon law would be examined to determine the relation of the hierarchy to property held by church congregations. The first duty of the diocese was to pay the debts of the diocese. Some of the counsel for defense claimed that the Archbishop received the property as trustee only. The case will be a long one.

The Election in Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 6th.—The elections were decidedly favorable to the Democrats. In this city eighteen Aldermen and town candidates were voted for. The North Town went Democratic by 4,000 to 5,000 majority. The South Town is Republican by a small majority, and the West Town is so close that perhaps the official figures will be required. The Democrats gain five, possibly six, Aldermen, and will have a majority in the Council. There was a great amount of scratching and trading, and none of the candidates on the same ticket run parallel.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Channel Tunnel—Bernhardt Married.

LONDON, April 6th.—The Board of Trade have notified the Channel Tunnel Company not to proceed with further boring.

Sara Bernhardt and a Greek gentleman of position named Damalia were married yesterday in St. Andrew's Church, Wells. Sara continues her theatrical career.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Santa Rosa Election.

SANTA ROSA, April 6th.—The count of the returns of the city election yesterday was closed after 2 o'clock this morning, with this result: Democrats—Mayor, Clark 332; Treasurer, Swett 360; City Attorney, Shannon 382; Councilmen—Glenn 318, Reed 341, Roney 334; Street Commissioner, Cambell 359; Marshal, White 335; Recorder, Burkhalter, 336; Clerk, Hoffer 390; Assessor, Holman 363. Republicans—Mayor, Cox 252; Treasurer, Buckland 230; Councilmen—Baker 238, Morrow 257, Allen 271; Street Commissioner, Boylan 221; Marshal, Boswell 251; Recorder, Farmer 243; Clerk, Ginther 221; Assessor, Willets 220. Independent—City Attorney Burnett, 95. The Democratic ticket was headed, "No more Chinese immigration. Rebuke the veto." The average Democratic majority is about 120. The veto largely contributed to the result.

"Two Birds with One Stone."

MISSION SAN JOSE, April 6th.—It is an old Spanish custom, which has prevailed for years past, to burn Judas in effigy on Holy Saturday at 12 o'clock, for betraying our Savior. This year President Arthur will suffer the same penalty for betraying the voice of the people. Both Judas and Arthur will be hung on a tree and burned here on Saturday next.

ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

2

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY.......................APRIL 7, 1882

Meteorological Observations — Taken at Each Station at the Same Moment.

SACRAMENTO, April 6, 1882—8:02 P. M.

Places of observation.	Hight of barom..	Ther....	Direction of wind, velocity	Character of wind force...	Rain in 24 hours...	State of the weather
Olympia....	30.25	42	S. W. 6	Fresh .	.01	Clear
Portland....	30.33	42	N. W.	Light..	.26	Clear
Roseburg...	30.33	42	N. W.	Light..	.13	Clear
Red Bluff...	30.21	49	N. W.	Light .	.....	Clear
Sacramento.	30.18	55	N. 9	Fresh .	.....	Clear
S. Francisco.	30.2	5	N. W. 9	Fresh .	.....	Clear
Visalia.....	30.07	50	N. W.	Light..	.....	Clear
Los Angeles.	30.03	54	N. 13	Fresh .	.02	Cloudy
San Diego..	30 00	54	N. W. 6	Fresh .	.....	Clear

Maximum temperature, 60; minimum, 43.
River above low-water mark, 21 feet.

JAMES A. BARWICK,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 119⅛ for 4s of 1907; 115½ for 4½s; 101⅛ for 3½s; sterling, $4 87½@4 90½; silver bars, 114¼.

Silver in London, 52⅜d; consols, 101 3-16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 104½; 4s, 120¾; 4½s, 117⅞.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at ½ discount to par; Mexican dollars, 91 cents.

The Best and Belcher Mining Company have levied an assessment of 50 cents per share, and the Holmes Mining Company one of 10 cents.

Mining stocks were apparently in better favor at San Francisco yesterday. The record at least shows an increased business and higher values. Gould & Curry shows an actual advance of $1 10, and other descriptions from 5c to 75c higher than Wednesday. Benton sold at 40c, against 20c on Monday, a gain of 100 per cent. in three days.

The President yesterday nominated Henry U. Teller, of Colorado, for Secretary of the Interior, and the Senate confirmed the act.

William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, was yesterday nominated for Secretary of the Navy, and William H. Hunt, of Louisiana, for Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia.

A reward of $10,000 is offered at Dublin for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of Arthur Herbert.

The Cheyennes and Arapahoes have submitted their ultimatum to Agent Miles—beef or blood.

At the recent delinquent sale, 30,000 shares of Belcher stock had to be taken in by the company.

The M. E. Conference at Newark, N. J., approve of President Arthur's action in regard to the Chinese bill.

Columbia, S. C., elected a Democratic Mayor and Aldermen.

The Oregon Democratic State Convention yesterday nominated William D. Fenton, of Lafayette county, for Congress, and Joseph S. Smith, of Portland, for Governor.

Marin Saldez was sentenced at Napa yesterday to five years' imprisonment for arson.

Thomas Nurse was shot and instantly killed near Ione, Amador county, Wednesday evening, by Wm. Kirkendall, aged 70 years.

An infant was smothered to death by a cat on the San Joaquin river last Sunday.

J. T. Ford and Mrs. Ella Clark are in jail at Fresno on a charge of adultery.

The entire Republican city ticket at Milwaukee, Wis., was defeated.

Archbishop Purcell's debts are now stated to amount to $4,000,000.

The London Board of Trade have notified the Channel Tunnel Company not to proceed with further boring.

Sara Bernhardt was married in London Wednesday to a Greek named Damala.

The Democrats made a clean sweep in the election at Santa Rosa.

A ten-year-old boy lost an eye at Nevada City yesterday, while playing with a bow-gun.

One of the Yuma Indians murdered another in Arizona Tuesday, and his tribe tried him, found him guilty, and yesterday he was beaten to death by the nearest relatives of his victim with a club.

We present this morning upon the fourth page a portrait of Hon. William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, whose name was sent to the Senate yesterday by the President for the office of Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Chandler was the Blaine manager at the Chicago Convention last year, but his confirmation to the position of Solicitor-General, for which he was named by President Garfield, having been opposed by Blaine, he went over to the stalwart wing of the party, for which act he is now rewarded by the nomination already indicated.

THE FAILURE TO OVERRIDE THE VETO.

The result of the attempt to pass the Chinese bill over the President's veto, in the Senate, was in no way surprising. In all such cases the effect of a veto is to weaken the members who were brought to vote in the affirmative with any difficulty. They perceive that the responsibility of defeating the measure has been placed upon the Executive, and they are not disposed to strain their convictions in order to relieve him of the burden. The vote in the Senate on the passage of the bill, notwithstanding the objections of the President, was not of a kind to please California Republicans. The Democrats all voted to pass the bill over the veto. The Republicans nearly all voted to sustain the veto. We shall not make the least attempt to argue away the significance of this vote. However mistaken the Eastern Republicans are in this matter, it is certain that the real mainspring of their action against the Chinese bill (so far as they have acted against it), has been the belief that the movement is contrary to American doctrines, and in the line of race proscription. To educate them out of that fallacy is the great task of the people of the Pacific coast, but it cannot be done by passion. The Democrats, on the other hand, have always been but too ready to join movements such as the Republicans of the East believe the anti-Chinese movement to be, and their course is therefore calculated rather to hurt than help the cause of California. It must be remembered that it is easy for them to take the side which is popular here, for they have no convictions to change or abandon. The Republicans on the other hand are the more difficult to persuade of their mistake because they have had burnt into them the principle that this country is the refuge of the oppressed of all nations, and because they have gone through a long and bloody war to establish liberty and equality of rights without distinction of race or color. With all their perseverence and purblindness, however, they unquestionably stand for the great moral and political forces which sway and will continue to sway the destinies of the Union, and therefore their conversion, no matter how difficult, is a question of infinitely greater moment to this coast than the supple and unhesitating assent of the alliance-hunting Democracy.

PIEROLA AND PERU.

A short dispatch yesterday made the curious announcement that Pierola had left Peru, and Peru was once more united. What this means it would puzzle Mr. Blaine to explain. Pierola, despite many blunders, has since the extension of anarchy over the greater part of Peru, been the one prominent Peruvian who has manfested any serious and at the same time clear purpose to lift up his country and restore order and law to society. He has abandoned his attitude as a sort of guerrilla chief, and has gone to work to organize government from the ruins, and to his strenuous efforts must be ascribed whatever gleam of returning hope is to be seen in that unhappy country. His departure from Peru could not therefore make it "united." It is not and cannot be united until it is restored to order, and that must be the work of time, even under the most favorable circumstances. If Pierola has left it must be because the Chileans do not want order restored, and the presumption is that they have got rid of him, as a patriot who threatened to endanger their despotic rule.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

The veto of the Chinese bill has naturally, but none the less unduly, depressed the Republicans of California, and not a few of them go about declaring their conviction that the President's action has given the State and the Coast to the Democrats. This is nonsense, and we propose to demonstrate that fact. The first idea that suggests itself to the minds of those who are disappointed and disgusted at the veto is that the Administration ought to be rebuked by casting the vote of the State for the Democrats. We do not say that the desire for an expression of the just indignation which prevails is not perfectly natural and under the circumstances warrantable. But we do say that there is no difference of sentiment between the two parties in California on the Chinese question, and that therefore to punish California Republicans for the course of Eastern Republicans would be sacrificing the innocent instead of the guilty. If this course could effect any change in the national situation, however, we are even willing to admit that it might be worth while to adopt it, notwithstanding the fact that it would involve the repudiation of those who have labored most assiduously for the passage of the Chinese bill. But we assert that nothing can be gained by such a course, and that, on the other hand, it is one which is calculated to render the position of this Coast still worse than at present.

We affirm that the issue of greatest moment here is the Chinese question. To secure the legislation we need on that issue is the foremost consideration, therefore, and the first thing to be determined is, which of the two national parties can best help us. The Democrats in Congress have certainly shown more friendship to California so far than the Republicans. But the vital consideration is, whether the Democratic party can carry the country on an issue which, in the opinion of every Eastern Republican, would put it once more in line with its old record, as the advocate of race-proscription. And we do not hesitate to assert that it cannot succeed on such a programme; for the moment it came forward as the special champion of Chinese exclusion the whole Republican sentiment of the North would accuse it of the ulterior design of attacking the negro under cover of the Chinaman. The mere suggestion of such a purpose would rekindle the old Republican fires all over the country. It would be impossible for the Democrats to make converts anywhere beyond the Pacific Slope. They would find their new issue a millstone about their necks; and the contest would result in their signal defeat, leaving California tied to the tail of a beaten party, and saddled with the opposition of a policy which would be regarded as only a new form of the Southern question.

The National Republican party would thus be put beyond our influence. All the sentimentalism which we have had to contend against in the past would be intensified. We should obtain neither sympathy nor aid from Congress. And all we should have gained would be the credit of having degenerated in our political faith. It is through the Republican party alone that we can obtain relief in this Chinese question. That is the only party which can take up the Chinese question without being suspected of favoring race proscription. That is the only party which can carry the country on this issue. Those who believe that the Chinese question is the dominant issue for the Pacific coast cannot support the Democracy without stultifying themselves, for it is perfectly clear that the Democracy cannot reward its supporters by securing for them the legislation they require. For these reasons it is nonsense to assert that the veto has lost the State or the Coast to the Republicans. Nothing is lost so long as the party is true to itself. Instead of lying down and whining, it is the duty of Republicans at this time to address themselves resolutely to the campaign before them. Instead of abandoning the fight, it is their duty to make it with greater spirit and energy than ever. Instead of talking about the nominations going abegging, it is the duty of the best men of the party to come forward and offer themselves as candidates.

The Republicans of California have nothing to reproach themselves with, and however their Eastern friends have been led astray, it is an incontrovertible fact that the Republican sentiment of the North and West is the predominating sentiment of the Union, and that it is only by educating that sentiment we can hope to win. The Democracy cannot help us. It is willing to do all it can. It will take all the offices that may be offered it. It will profess any principles the people may profess. But it does not possess the confidence of the majority of the voters of the whole country, and it is the last party in the world to be able to make a special issue of the Chinese question. In a word, nothing is to be gained by making California Democratic, and everything is to be gained by making her Republican. To give the State over to the Democrats would be to renounce all hope of the passage of any anti-Chinese legislation, and that being the fact, it is impossible to see where the attempted rebuke would fall. We have indeed heard of people cutting off their noses to spite their faces, but this would be a practical illustration of that eccentric mode of redress. The true course of the Republicans is to organize at once, and "push things." They should create clubs in every precinct and district and township throughout the State. They should seek out the strongest men for nominations. They should realize the fact that the outcome of the campaign depends mainly upon themselves. Enough has been said, and too much, in the despondent vein. Difficulties were made to be overcome, not to be retreated from. The President's veto has been discouraging, no doubt, but another bill may be passed before the end of the session, and in the meantime it is necessary to buckle to work and show the enemy that he must win his laurels before he wears them.

MR. SWIFT EXPLAINS.

In a card in this issue of the RECORD-UNION Mr. Swift explains his position in regard to the negotiations on which the Chinese treaty was based. He says that the *Call* reporter, whose statements we yesterday commented on, misunderstood him, and that he did not make the representations attributed to him. It appears that what he said about the Chinese being prepared for much more than a twenty years' suspension was not a recapitulation of what passed between the Commissioners and the Chinese officials, but only his personal conclusions from the general tenor of the Chinese positions. We are obliged to confess that this does not seem to us to constitute a very important change in the circumstances. Mr. Swift gives it to be understood that he brought away from his interviews with the Chinese officials a belief that they did not at all care how long a suspension of Chinese immigration was effected. He, however, says that this view was not reflected in the official records of the negotiations. We cannot understand why this marked contradiction between Mr. Swift's inferences and the records of the negotiations should exist. To us it seems that it would have been much more natural and in accord with the fitness of things if the official records had preserved the real opinions of the Commissioners. Perhaps, however, we ought to infer that Mr. Swift's colleagues did not deduce the same conclusions from the positions of the Chinese officials. In that case it would have to be supposed that there was a radical difference of opinion between the three Commissioners, as to the results of their conferences with the Chinese. That there has been much confusion somewhere, and that this confusion has crept into the treaty itself, much as Charles the First's head used to creep into Mr. Dick's manuscript, is only too apparent. In fact it is even now impossible to make out what the attitude of the Chinese Government on the objects of the treaty really was. Mr. Swift derived the impression that there would be no objection to indefinite suspension of Chinese immigration. But it is on record that when the Commissioners were discussing the treaty with the Chinese officials they thought it necessary to tell the latter that Congress might never desire to make use of the instrument. Of course such a remark could only have been made to disarm Chinese opposition; that opposition which, according to Mr. Swift, had no existence. Again, the course of the Chinese Minister at Washington shows very clearly that the Chinese Government at the present time has a pronounced objection to the suspension of immigration. All this inevitably tends to cloud the meaning of the treaty, and thus to afford plausible excuses for those Eastern Chinophiles who wish to defeat such legislation as the late bill, but do not like to put their purpose on the old basis of universal fraternity. The obscurity of the treaty is, moreover, not in any way cleared up by what Mr. Swift says in his letter to us, and it is precisely that obscurity which has made it possible for the President to veto the Chinese bill.

GENERAL POPE TALKS PLAINLY.

It is quite refreshing to read General Pope's letter from Fort Leavenworth concerning the condition of the Cheyenne and other Indians. He tells his correspondent in the plainest and most direct terms that the Indians cannot live on the reduced rations supplied to them. He says further, that there are a hundred thousand cattle grazing near Fort Reno, and that the Indians will take some of them rather than starve. This, says the General, "will provoke hostilities, and lead God "knows where." The military, he observes, "can only make them starve peace-"ably—a most inhuman act;" and, we may add, a very difficult undertaking. It may be questioned whether the military can make them starve peaceably. Even Christians would object to such a programme, and would be apt to give the troops a great deal of trouble. It is less probable that wild Indians can be induced to sit down and see their wives and children murdered before their eyes. But General Pope does not mean to let this outrage be consummated if he can help it. He says: "Is it really the intention of the Govern-"ment, for such a paltry sum, to plunge "the frontier into a war with the Indians, "or assemble a strong military force to "force these unhappy creatures to starve "in peace?" And so resolved is he to prevent this wrong that he declares his intention to assume the responsibility himself if the Government does not act promptly. He observes: "I had rather "suffer anything myself than see an In-"dian outbreak, so inexcusable, unjust "and fraught with such dreadful conse-"quences." We trust that the publication of General Pope's manly and humane letter will of itself secure the governmental action which he declares to be so imperatively necessary.

PASSENGER LISTS.

OMAHA, April 5th.—Left here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento April 9th: Charles H. Abbot, San Francisco; H. Webster, S. Cook, J. C. Camm, C. C. Klockner, P. L. Drayton, U. S. N.; M. Fisher, England; J. F. Freeman, J. J. Patterson, U. S. N.; J. E. Lutz, New York; T. D. Price, J. C. Gilmer, A. W. Grant, U. S. N.; Mrs. S. Gorton, Chicago; the Nat Goodwin Troupe (ten persons), New York; J. Hayne, Oakland.

One hundred and thirty-five through emigrants left on last night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento April 12th.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), April 5th.—Passed Topeka to-day, to arrive in San Francisco April 10th: G. Dayton, Portland, Or.; George S. Williams, Bradford, Pa.; Miss May Golightly, Montgomery, Ala.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), April 6th.—Passed Topeka yesterday, to arrive in San Francisco April 11th: G. V. Dorsey and wife, Piqua, Ohio; General Manning, A. E. Harling, W. C. Lambkin, W. R. Lambkin, J. B. Lambkin, Boston; G. Lambkin, Chicago; F. T. Simonson, Boston; F. W. Russell, Mrs. H. M. Whitney, New York; H. Davenport and niece, Liverpool, Eng.; A. F. Spown and wife, T. Carson and wife, San Francisco; A. S. Wilder and wife, E. H. Hoyt and wife, Lowell, Mass.

OMAHA, April 6th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento April 10th: Mrs. Hartwig, Nevada City; Miss H. D. Nandain, New York; Miss Mary Robie, Candia, N. H.; Miss Forney, Lancaster City, Penn.; E. T. Cooper and wife, East Oakland; Mrs. Shippey and son, Stockton; E. Hamlin, Boston; Charles Stark, W. C. Lee, Buffalo.

Eighty-three through emigrants left on last night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento April 13th.

CARLIN, April 6th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: A. Cowan, Canada; B. L. Gifford and wife, F. R. Gifford, Falmouth, Mass.; Julia S. Post, Paris; W. W. Corlett and wife, Cheyenne, Wy.; B. R. Gifford, Mass.; S. Gordon, Horsburg, Eng.; E. F. Gardiner, S. Q. Robinson, U. S. A.; H. C. Murray, L. A. Morganstein, M. H. Heymann, E. H. Moffitt, San Francisco; J. B. Brown, New York City; Henry Pope, Oakland; J. B. Taylor, England; S. S. Buckingham, Connecticut; William Crawford, Columbus; C. C. Morris, Tuscarora; Mrs. Jennie Cronin, Troy, N. Y.; Robert Grant, British Columbia; Aaron Arnheim, Carlin; 100 emigrant passengers, including 71 males, to arrive at Sacramento April 8th.

NEWHALL, April 6th.—Passed here today, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: Mrs. A. F. Spear, Mrs. S. R. Johnson, Nebraska; Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Greensfelder and child, Mrs. Toser and two children, William H. Meade, John Clark, O. D. O'Sullivan, wife and child, R. C. Corbally, W. J. Adams, San Francisco; Mr. Earle, W. Scott, Frank C. Van Ruren, Arizona; Mrs. E. Ambary, J. M. Griffith, W. G. Halstead, wife and child, Los Angeles; J. F. Johnson, Wilmington; M. Duffy, San Pedro; Mrs. E. H. Nolten, Arizona; J. S. Vosburg, San Gabriel; J. R. Otburns, New York; J. G. Crup, Baltimore; P. G. Teff, El Paso; E. P. Strong, Ohio; H. C. Hubbard, San Fernando.

THE largest ink house in the world (Thaddeus Davids & Co) is at 127 William street, New York, and Mr. George W. Davids was induced to employ St. Jacobs Oil in seeking relief from the pangs of rheumatic gout, a disease which he inherited, and which at times proves very troublesome. He has used the remedy with very great satisfaction, indeed. It relieved him within twenty-four hours after commencing to apply it of a pretty sharp attack of his hereditary foe. He was therefore disposed to think kindly of it as an extremely efficacious liniment. Mr. Davids further stated that St. Jacobs Oil had been used by members of his family for neuralgia, and in one case for the mumps, with the most gratifying results.

PACIFIC SLOPE.

Democratic Nominations in Oregon—Incendiary Sentenced—San Jose Republicans—Homicide in Amador County—Infant Smothered to Death by a Cat—Coursing at Merced—Accidents at Nevada City—Indian Justice in Arizona—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

IONE, April 6th.—Thomas Nurse, a small farmer and stock man living three miles from here, was shot and instantly killed last evening by his neighbor, William Kirkendall, an old man perhaps 70 years old. The causes that led to the sad event grew out of a disputed piece of land, on which Kirkendall turned his horses. Nurse, considering it a trespass, proceeded to turn the horses off, but was confronted by Kirkendall, who ordered him to desist. Nurse not doing so, was shot from his horse and instantly killed. Kirkendall claims self-defense; but those best informed at present fear the claim is groundless. The affair at best is a sad one, as both parties are highly respected. Nurse was an Englishman by birth, and single. Kirkendall has a wife and several grown children. He made no attempt to escape.

Movement Toward Removing the Chinese.

WHEATLAND, April 6th.—Several of our citizens and taxpayers are making a strong effort to have a petition circulated and signed, asking the Board of Trustees of the town to remove the Chinese outside the town limits. The idea meets with the views of quite a number of our best citizens.

Young Man Shockingly Injured—A Boy Loses an Eye.

NEVADA, April 6th. — While Clarence Shurtleff, a young man employed in a butcher shop, was hanging up meat to day, he fell and struck his face against a meathook, inflicting a painful wound, nearly four inches long. The hook entered the lower jaw, and came out just below the eye.

Yesterday afternoon a ten-year-old son of C. W. Cross had his eye put out by a bowgun, with which he was playing.

Babe Smothered to Death by a Cat—Contested Will Case—Charge of Adultery.

FRESNO, April 6th.—A fearful report of death has reached this place from the San Joaquin river. Last Sunday the boy of Wm. Allen, a five-months-old babe, was smothered to death in its cradle by a large cat. The father and mother left the house for a few moments' walk, leaving the babe asleep in its cradle. On their return, after an absence of fifteen minutes, they found the cat coiled up and asleep on the infant's face, and on examination the painful fact was disclosed that the babe was dead.

In the Owens will case yesterday, in the Superior Court, the contesting heirs were nonsuited.

J. T. Ford and Mrs. Ella Clark were bound over by Justice Hill to-day, to appear in the Superior Court to answer a charge of adultery. The loving pair are now languishing in jail.

Republican Nominations at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, April 6th.—The following nominations were made by the Republican City Convention last night: Mayor, W. Erkson; Chief of Police, D. N. Haskell (present incumbent); Treasurer, W. H. Cate; Councilmen—V. Kock, H. Trindde, A. Delong and A. Greeninger.

Five Years for Arson.

NAPA, April 6th.—Marin Saldez pleaded guilty to a charge of arson in burning Wallingford's house last November, and was today sentenced to five years in the State Prison.

The Coursing at Merced.

MERCED, April 6th.—This was the second day of the coursing meet. Third ties—Lady Bird defeated Free Lance; Chicopee defeated Milo; Paul Jones defeated Lord Lurgan. Fourth ties — Paul Jones defeated Lady Bird; Chicopee ran a bye; Chicopee defeated Paul Jones. Consolation stake, first ties—Chief of the Canyon defeated Minnie; Kitty Clover defeated Lord Lurgan; Blue Cloud defeated Milo; Pride of the Village defeated Milo. Second ties—Chief of the Canyon defeated Kitty Clover; Pride of the Village defeated Blue Cloud. Third ties—Pride of the Village defeated Chief of the Canyon, and wins.

Disagreement and Discharge.

LOS ANGELES, April 6th.—The jury in the case of Thomas B. Hulz, tried for the murder of Fritz Reuter at Orange last February, failed to agree, and were discharged this evening. They stood six for acquittal, five for manslaughter, and one for murder.

ARIZONA.

Indian Justice—A Murderer Beaten to Death with a Club.

YUMA, April 6th.—A party of Yuma Indians got into a drunken row below the Government depot, half a mile from town, Tuesday evening, in which one of them killed another. The murderer was pursued and caught by the organized policemen of the tribe, and summarily tried, found guilty, and to-day was beaten to death with a club in the hands of the nearest relatives of the Indian he murdered. Such is savage justice, swift and sure.

OREGON.

Fire in a Ship's Hold.

ASTORIA, April 6th.—At 6 o'clock this evening, while stevedore McCabe's men were discharging the cargo from the bark Wandock, with sponges in their mouths to protect them from the heat and stifling smoke, the coal ignited and drove them from the hold. A fire alarm was given, and the department engines are now flooding the balance of the cargo in the lower hold. In spite of the difficulties, a payment of $2 an hour to the men had secured the removal of sufficient of the cargo to obviate the necessity of scuttling the vessel to extinguish the fire, and it is hoped that the cargo remaining can be flooded without sinking the ship, though of necessity much damage will follow to the tin and general merchandise on board.

Democratic Nominations.

PORTLAND, April 6th.—The following ticket was nominated by the State Democratic Convention to-day: Congressman, William P. Fenton, of Yamhill county; Governor, ex-Congressman Jos. S. Smith, of Portland; Secretary of State, J. K. Weatherford, of Linn county; Treasurer, H. Abraham, of Douglass county; Superintendent of Instruction, W. H. Worthington, of The Dalles; State Printer, Wilbur Cornell, of Salem; Supreme Judge, E. D. Shattuck, of Portland; Judge of the Second Judicial District, W. S. McFadden; A. Zieber, of Portland, was chosen Chairman of the State Central Committee. The State Convention two years hence is to be held at The Dalles.

A LIVING PICTURE GALLERY.

Miss Irene Woodford, a waif drifting on the ocean of life, is attracting attention in the Eastern cities. The young woman does not know who her mother is, and cannot find out. Her father was an artist, and had such a fear that his only child would be stolen that he commenced tattooing her in childhood, after the Grecian style, until he had made her a genuine animated picture gallery. Miss Woodford's body, with the exception of her face and hands, is covered with a profusion of tattooed pictures most artistically executed. Around her neck is a floral necklace. Over the chest is a bunch of roses. Butterflies are sipping from the flowers, while countless stars rest upon the fair white skin. The glowing rays of the rising sun completely cover each shoulder. An army of insect workers hovering about a beehive ornaments the left arm. Above the picture, in red and blue, are the words "Never Despair," while below is the sentiment, "Nothing Without Labor." On the left arm also are patriotic devices, angels, stars and the moon. "I live and die for those I love," is inscribed upon the spread eagle which is pricked in the lady's right arm. There is also a harp and a shamrock. A sailor and his wife standing at the door of their cottage, the ship which is to bear him away being just visible as it follows the bend of the arm; a female figure sitting on a globe, and numerous other devices complete the bewildering spectacle presented on the well-rounded right arm. The lady's back is covered with a harp, cross and anchor, about which are darting whole legions of butterflies. A sailor meeting his sweetheart, a naval engagement, and smaller pictures, including an eagle's nest, decorate one leg, while on the arm are seen Atlas holding up the globe, and various other devices. The tatooed lady wears a costume of black velvet, which is so arranged that the artistic effects of the tatooing will be seen to advantage without giving offense.

House cleaning is now in order all over the State. How doth the busy little wife improve spring's shining hours, and chuck the carpet out of doors as round the house she scours. How skillfully she sets the tack upon its head so neat, and wonders whether "hub" will run the darned thing in his feet.—[Plumas National.

CARD FROM HON. JOHN F. SWIFT.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: The article in the RECORD-UNION of yesterday morning, based upon an alleged interview between myself and a reporter of the San Francisco *Morning Call* upon the Chinese treaty, seems to require an explanation from me. The San Francisco *Evening Post*, writing upon the same supposed utterances, takes similar grounds as your journal. An unexpected call to this city to attend the funeral of a dead friend renders it impossible to make the proper correction in San Francisco in time. The gentleman who reported the interview in the *Call*, while giving accurately enough much that I did say to him, has misunderstood and therefore misrepresented me as stating for discussed and agreed facts between the Commissioners what I only gave him as my own opinions upon what the Chinese Government thought and desired. For what I did actually say upon the subject, I respectfully call attention to an interview with a *Chronicle* reporter, published the same day. I said to both the *Chronicle* and *Call* reporters in substance that I had no doubt that the Chinese Government fully expected that the United States Government would take all necessary time to correct any evil growing out of the immigration of Chinese laborers, and that it was distinctly agreed that what might be necessary time, whether ten years or fifty years, the United States was to be the sole and only judge. I did not say that it was agreed that thirty years, or any named time, would be necessary or adopted. I said that the Chinese Government, as I understood them, relied upon the good faith of the American Government not to take more time than was necessary to accomplish the desired result. And thinking as I do that an entire generation, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, was as little time as would operate to place this coast in the normal condition of a homogeneous community of people like that of the Atlantic States or Europe, I had no doubt, and have no doubt that thirty-three years would have been perfectly satisfactory to the authorities at Peking. I said to the reporter that the Chinese Government, in my opinion, was not desirous of having their people emigrate, and that they would probably make no complaint if the prohibition was to be perpetual. From what I saw in China it is my opinion that had the fifteen-passenger Act been passed into a law, although it was in the very teeth of the Burlingame treaty, no objection would have been made by the Chinese Government. I believe that so far as China is concerned no new treaty was necessary before prohibiting the immigration of Chinese laborers. The treaty was only necessary in order to remove the objections of our own Government to legislation against the provisions of the Burlingame treaty. The Chinese would not, I think, have found fault had we done so. The real opposition to a restriction of Chinese immigration comes not from China, but from citizens of the United States, who expect to make money out of cheap labor, regardless of every other economic, social or political consideration. I have never known any American or European resident of China who thinks the Chinese Government wants their people to migrate or that they would claim it as a valuable right that their people should come to this or to any other country. The force that sets the Chinese to moving in this direction, and opposes restrictions being placed upon the movement, has its base and standing-ground in this country alone. It has no standing in China. And in my humble opinion the most of the supersensibility over the inviolable obligation of treaties about which we have heard so much in this connection, comes not so much from exaggerated respect for international obligation as from a desire to continue the importation of Chinese coolies as cheap laborers. The new treaty was understood by all parties to allow the United States to "regulate," "limit" and "suspend" the coming of Chinese laborers to this country as long as it was, in the opinion of the United States, in any manner detrimental to their interests. Every hint or suggestion of the Chinese Commissioners looking to China having any voice in determining the circumstances or extent of any action to be taken by this Government was sternly repudiated as even the basis of discussion by the American Commissioners, as the proceedings will show.

The new treaty, in as plain terms as words can express, provides that whenever in the opinion of the United States the coming or residence of Chinese laborers effects, or threatens to effect, the interests of the United States, or any part thereof, they may limit or suspend the same. And of the duration of such suspension they are to be the sole judges. And as I understand the situation it stands thus: A majority of both branches of Congress on the one hand think that the exigency has arisen when the power should be exercised; the President and a minority of Congress on the other think it has not. That is about all I can see in the controversy. As to what is a reasonable suspension, that can only be judged by the nature of the evil and the object to be accomplished. And when the President says that twenty years is too long, I can only say that in my opinion he either does not view the coming of Chinese to this country as an evil at all, or he does not look upon it as an evil of such magnitude as we upon this coast do. I must assume that he, as a logical and sensible man, construes the word reasonable as allowing of all the time necessary to abate the evil, if it is an evil, and that when he says that twenty years is too much, he either thinks the immigration is no evil at all, but, on the contrary, an advantage, or that it is but a slight evil, not requiring legislative restriction.

JOHN F. SWIFT.

Golden Eagle Hotel, April 6, 1882.

DOING AN IMMENSE BUSINESS.

The German Remedy Proprietors.

[Alleghany (Pa.) Evening Mail.]

Our readers have noticed in these columns from day to day the statements of miraculous cures having been performed by St. Jacobs Oil and Hamburg Drops. We can assure them that they are reliable reports, coming as they do from an indisputable source. Those remedies are not forced upon the market by unprincipled venders of patent medicines, as many others are, but have been introduced to the public by the manufacturers, Messrs. A. Vogeler & Co., a Baltimore house of long established reputation, and enjoying the confidence of the commercial world and people elsewhere. They advertise largely in all important papers of the land—numbering over five thousand—and truly may be termed the king of advertisers, spending as they do hundreds of thousands of dollars yearly for this purpose. Their advertising department in Baltimore is larger than that of any advertising agency in the country, and their printing establishment is on the same comprehensive and thorough plan as all the balance of their vast business—being fully equipped with the latest improved machinery for any amount of work that may be ordered. The house points with especial pride to the expressed opinions of reliable advertising experts that its advertising department has not its equal anywhere. As an evidence, we cite from the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* on this point: "In its magnitude, conception, system and originality it is vastly superior to anything of the kind in America. Any one familiar with this kind of business can understand the vast amount of detail in such a department, and only such can appreciate the tact and business ability that systemized and organized it so perfectly." There must be considerable merit in this noted German remedy to secure such success, bulk and magnitude of the business as the firm enjoys, and if you try the virtue of it, the wonderful enterprise will be fully explained to your mind.

It is a pleasure to deal with a firm like that of A. Vogeler & Co.

There is in North Carolina a negro Lutheran preacher who claims to be 94 years old and to have been a servant of General Washington. He was formerly owned by a master who was a Lutheran, which accounts for his being connected with that denomination.

THE action of Kidney-Wort on the kidneys, bowels and liver, gives it wonderful power.

MARRIED.

Woodland, April 2—Oliver Webster to Emily Shellhammer.
Sweetland, Nevada county, April 2—Milton D. Niles to Nettie Womer.
Chico, March 26—G. W. Maxon to Florence Wedekind.
Oroville, March 27—George W. Riley to Margaret L. Onyett.

BORN.

Sacramento, March 31—Wife of D. McGushing, a son.
Sacramento, April 3—Wife of John Hall, a daughter.
Sacramento, March 20—Wife of C. Fagnall, a son.
Sacramento, February 26—Wife of John Fitzgerald, a daughter.
Sacramento, April 5—Wife of Thomas O'Connell, a son.
Downieville, March 30—Wife of M. H. Mead, a son.
Arbuckle, March 12—Wife of Thomas Petch, a son.
Truckee, March 31—Wife of Charles Barton, a daughter.
North San Juan, March 25—Wife of F. F. Philbrick, a son.

DIED.

Sacramento, April 6—Elizabeth Fitzgerald, a native of Virginia, 74 years and 11 months.
[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from her late residence, on Twentieth street, between O and P, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.]
San Francisco, April 4—Harry Gray, only child of Rev. Frank L. and Mattie G. Nash, 8 years, 2 months and 20 days.
[Burial services will take place at the City Cemetery in this city this morning at 9 o'clock.]
Los Angeles, March 29—Frank A. Shelling, son of Rev. Charles Shelling, Presiding Elder of the M. E. Church, Los Angeles District.
Nevada City, April 4—Sarah Bobo, 54 years.
Nevada City, April 1—Catherine Kelley, 42 years.
Nevada City, April 5—Mary Blasuf, 46 years.
Near Woodland, April 3—Simon Fisher, 46 years, 2 months and 21 days.
Grass Valley, April 2—Charles Woodson Smith, 58 years, 6 months and 9 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hussars, Attention!—You are hereby ordered to attend your regular monthly meeting, to be held at the Armory THIS (Friday) EVENING, April 7th. By order of THE CAPTAIN.
E. HAGELSTEIN, Clerk. a7-1t*

Attention, Company A, Independent Light Battery.—All officers and members are hereby ordered to meet at the Hussar's Armory, I street, between Seventh and Eighth, THIS (Friday) EVENING, April 7th, at 8 o'clock sharp, for important business. By order.
a7-1t [B. C.] W. A. HOUGHTON, Captain.

FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE FURNITURE of a dwelling-house, three rooms and a kitchen, will be sold as a whole, at a bargain. No. 915 Eighteenth street, between I and J. The house is to let. a7-3t*

BELL & CO., Auctioneers,

—WILL SELL—

THIS (FRIDAY) MORNING,

April 7th, at 10:30 o'clock sharp,

In Front of Salesroom, No. 916 J street,

Between Ninth and Tenth, on account of departure from the city:

ONE SMALL HOUSE OF FURNITURE AND Housekeeping Goods of all kinds. Sale positive. [a7-1t] BELL, Auctioneer.

BELL & CO., Auctioneers,

—WILL SELL ON—

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 8th,

At 10:30 o'clock sharp,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF JOSEPH HAHN,

No. 1101 H STREET,

Between Eleventh and Twelfth, on account of departure for the East, all the elegant and well-kept

FURNITURE

—AND—

HOUSEHOLD GOODS!

Consisting, in part, as follows:

TWO ELEGANT WALNUT, MARBLE-TOP Chamber Sets, one Parlor Set of three pieces, one elegant Pier Glass, Oil Paintings and Chromos, fine Body Brussels and Tapestry and Stair Carpets throughout the entire house. Also, one elegant Walnut, Marble top Sideboard; Extension Table, Dining-room Chairs. Also, one fine "Stewart" Stove, with Copper Boiler and fixtures complete; Crockery, Glass and Woodenware; Garden Hose, Tools, etc. Sale Positive.
a7-2t BELL, Auctioneer.

JUST RECEIVED!

Seal of North Carolina

SMOKING TOBACCO.

ALL SIZES.

BOOTH & CO.

a7-3plm

New England MUTUAL Life Insurance Company OF BOSTON.

INCORPORATED, 1835.

Assets	$16,210,465 92
Liabilities	13,574,570 99
Surplus by Mass. Standard	$2,635,894 93

MARKET VALUE OF STOCKS & BONDS OVER COST, $1,474,691 09!

ALL POLICIES ISSUED UNDER, AND governed by, the **New Massachusetts Non-Forfeiture Law**, which has been characterized as "THE GRANDEST STEP IN FAIR DEALING WITHIN THE HISTORY OF LIFE INSURANCE." Under this law insurance is furnished at Actual Cost. Before insuring in any other Company, or joining any Assessment Society, carefully read the policy contract of the NEW ENGLAND LIFE, and examine the practical working of the New Massachusetts Law.

G. O. HAYFORD,
AGENT, SACRAMENTO.

Office with **L. C. Chandler**, 227 J street, between Second and Third. a7-3ptf

I. O. O. F.

CELEBRATION AND PICNIC!

Given by YOLO LODGE, No. 169, at

Tammany Grove, Davisville, Wednesday, April 26, 1882.

LITERARY EXERCISES WILL TAKE PLACE at 1 P. M. Poem, by ALBERT HART, ESQ., of Sacramento; Oration, by REV. DR. HEALY, of Woodland. Past Grand Master, EZRA PEARSON, of Sacramento, President of the Day; R. H. BEAMER, of Woodland, Marshal; W. F. PETERSON, of Sacramento, Caterer. Games, Swings, etc.

Music by Jones & Beebe's Band.

ADMISSION TO PLATFORM......ONE DOLLAR.

Special excursions will run to the Grove from points and at rates as follows: Fare (round trip)—From Sacramento, 7:35 A. M., $1; Black's Station, 7 A. M., $1 50; Yolo, 7:15 A. M., $1; Woodland, 8:45 A. M., 75 cents; Knight's Landing, 8 A. M., $1 25; Madison, 6:25 A. M., $2; Winters, 7 A. M., $1 50; Vacaville, 7:50 A. M., $1 25; Elmira, 8:30 A. M., $1; Batavia, 8:45 A. M., 75 cents; Dixon, 9 A. M., 50 cents. Returning, Trains will leave the Grove for Dixon, Batavia and Elmira, at 6:20 P. M.; for Woodland, Black's and Knight's Landing, at 7 P. M., and for Sacramento, 7:20 P. M. a7-td

FOR A PERFECT FIT AND STYLISH-CUT SUIT OF CLOTHES, GO TO THOMAS BROMLEY, CLUNIE BUILDING, 809 K ST., SACRAMENTO.

Honest dealings and prompt attention you will find at THOS. BROMLEY'S (late cutter of Capital Woolen Mills), and don't you forget it. a7-1m4p

FARMERS, Stop and Think!

DO YOU WISH TO MAKE OR SAVE MONEY You can buy a GRAIN MILL which will grind all your feed, with wind or horse power, for One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars. It can be operated with man power, and do a reasonable amount of work. It grinds or rolls the barley or corn, crushing it into fine meal, if so desired, or simply crack it. This cannot be done with the stone or roller, for the one grinds but cannot roll, and the other rolls but cannot grind; but my mill does both, either grinding or rolling. The prices range from One Hundred to Three Hundred Dollars. The small size mill will grind any amount from one ton to twenty tons in twenty-four hours, according to the power applied, and the larger will go sixty tons per day. Total weight of small mill, 175 pounds; of large mill, 575 pounds. Address WM. C. STILES, Sacramento, Cal m17-2plm

WIRE.

10,000 BUNDLES BRIGHT AND ANNEALED MARKET WIRE.
3,000 BUNDLES GALVANIZED WIRE.
500 MILES GALVANIZED TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE WIRE.

—ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY—

A. S. HALLIDIE,
Wire Mills and Wire Rope Works,
No. 6 California st. [m18-2plm] San Francisco

STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS.

A. HEYMAN, SOLE AGENT, I street, bet. Sixth and Seventh, opposite Court-house. PIANOS TO LET. Pianos sold on installments. m9-2plm

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND CANTATA!

"Under the Palms!"

—AT—

Sixth-street M. E. Church,

—ON—

Wednesday Evening, April 12th.

SOLOISTS:

MRS. LANPHERE,
MISS JENNIE WOODS,
MR. ELWOOD BRUNER,
MR. BUCHANAN.

CHORUS OF 100 VOICES!

a7-1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WEINSTOCK & LUBIN

FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1882.

SACRAMENTO TEMPERATURE.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY:		TEMPERATURE CORRESPONDING DAY, 1881:	
Highest	60	Highest	65
Lowest	43	Lowest	50

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY IN NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

[Special by Telegraph—Courtesy of the RECORD-UNION.]

NEW YORK.		CHICAGO.	
Highest	44	Highest	47
Lowest	40	Lowest	37

We have been appointed agents for the goods of:

J. B. STETSON & CO., of Philadelphia, Makers of FINE HATS;
KNOX, of New York, FINE SILK HATS;
BURT & PACKARD'S FINE SHOES;
J. & T. COUSINS, New York, FINE LADIES' SHOES;
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, Gentlemen's Fine FURNISHING GOODS.

A GALA DAY.

The clear, Spring-like weather of yesterday brought out to the OPENING the many who had been kept at home by the rain of the day previous, and we were more than busy all day long in consequence. Rather than to say anything for ourselves, we prefer to let those who have been here to see the display speak for us. We know from the remarks of approval heard on all sides that it is perfectly safe for us so to do. But this much we cannot resist the temptation of saying: No effort has been too great for us to get together here the largest possible collection of the very choicest bits of MILLINERY, from the best fashion quarters of America and Europe. But in all our searching, we have not lost sight of that most important factor, namely, "PRICE," and our goods, in consequence of greater purchasing power, are lower this season than ever before. What with increased space, our increased facilities for buying, for selling, for making and trimming all sorts of HATS AND BONNETS, we are prepared to supply the wants of all kinds of people for MILLINERY GOODS much more perfectly than those Milliners who lack the important advantages we possess.

More was promised yesterday for to-day about DRESS GOODS. Will mere lack of space let people forget that this Department is fairly shining with new and seasonable things?

Very few retail houses located at as great a distance from Europe as we, are in a position to buy from there direct. We are one of the few. Does it pay? We are confident it does. That advantages do exist thereby, and that our customers get the full benefit of them, we believe are things which even a casual inspection of our last importation will plainly show.

The goods came to hand early this week. They include LACES, SATINS AND CASHMERES. The LACES have been culled from the Lace Markets of all Europe—some Belgian, some Alsace, French, etc. They form a representative gathering; one which can hardly fail to be of interest to all lovers of FINE LACES. The CASHMERES will also command attention, on account of their rare quality, as also the good values in SATINS.

MECHANICS' STORE.

Nos. 400, 402, 404, 406, 408 K st., Sacramento.

ONE PRICE.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY ..... APRIL 7, 1882

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Metropolitan Theater—"East Lynne," to-night.

I. O. O. F. celebration and picnic—Davisville, April 26th.

Hussars—Attention, this evening.

Attention—Company A, Independent Light Battery, to-night.

For Sale—Household furniture.

Grand cantata, "Under the Palms," April 12th.

Auctions.

Bell & Co. will sell to-day at 916 J street.

Bell & Co., Saturday morning, at 1101 H street.

Business Advertisements.

Mechanics' Store—A gala day.

New England Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Booth & Co.—Just received Seal of North Carolina.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Board met yesterday pursuant to adjournment. Present, a full Board.

On motion, the Clerk was authorized to procure the amendments to the Codes of 1875-6, 1877-8 and 1880-81.

In the matter of the application of J. T. Cardwell to have the American river bridge declared an obstruction to the public highway, Supervisor Beckley said the Board had no jurisdiction over the matter. On a call of the roll he was sustained by the following vote. Ayes—Dreman, Blair, Butler, Bailey, Beckley. Noes—Wilson and Christy.

The report of John Aiston showed that he had tendered the amount of damages awarded to D. W. Lewis and Alice Lewis for lands taken for road purposes, and that they had refused to accept said award.

It was therefore ordered that the District Attorney proceed, under the provisions of Section 37 of the road law, to procure the right of way, as provided in the Code of Civil Procedure, against all non-accepting landowners.

In the matter of the petition of Ingalls and others for a road in Districts 3 and 4, heretofore taken under advisement, it was ordered by the Board that the amount of damages to Robert Ward be fixed at $80, J. Harris $80, and William Carrick $160.

Mr. Wilson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Bailey:

Resolved, That George Cadwalader, our special legal counsel, institute and take the necessary legal steps to enjoin and restrain all the hydraulic mines and hydraulic mining corporations from using the bed of the American river and its tributaries as a place for the deposit of their tailings or mining debris, also all the hydraulic mining companies operating on the Cosumnes river from using the bed of the Cosumnes river for the deposit of their tailings and debris in said river.

Mr. Blair moved to lay the resolution over until the next meeting of the Board. Seconded by Mr. Butler.

Lost by the following vote: Noes—Dreman, Wilson, Bailey and Beckley. Ayes—Blair, Butler and Christy.

The original resolution was then adopted by the following vote: Ayes—Dreman, Wilson, Bailey and Beckley. Noes—Blair, Butler and Christy.

Mr. Blair explained his vote by stating that he did not deem it proper to commence further suits until the Gold Run case now pending was decided. It would simply be taxing this county for an expense which perhaps would afterwards be found to have been entirely unnecessary.

Mr. Wilson moved that the Clerk be instructed to notify Mr. Cadwalader of the action of the Board. Adopted.

The Finance Committee reported that they had examined all the bills against the county for the month of March, and recommended that they be allowed, and ordered paid for the amounts indorsed on each, from demand No. 515 to demand 704, inclusive, excepting demands No. 530, 525, 551, 561, 562, 570, 681 and 694, which were held over for further consideration. The following are the bills allowed. The demands will not be ready for delivery until Saturday: Henry Garrett, $75; Samuel Blair, $100; F. James, $48; S. W. Butler, $100; Cadwalader & Parsons, $61; J. T. Carey, $206 50; G. W. Lorenze, $50; H. Hansche, $39; P. L. Hickman, $117; L. C. Chandler, $50; W. C. Felch, $125; Felch & Davis, $63 75; W. P. Coleman, $111; A. Leonard, $62 10; J. E. Hobbie, $125; Richmond Davis, $81 13; C. L. Ecklie, $59 50; Elsir Culver, $500; J. L. Clark, $342; Ah Dan, $6; W. H. Frye, $18; Ben Bailey, $120; J. W. Wilson, $100; P. R. Beckley, $137; H. W. Johnson, $115; Whittier, Fuller & Co., $13 95; M. Hanrahan, $3 75; G. F. C. Salle, $8 30; S. G. Foster, $3; George N. Gray, $78; Baker & Hamilton, $17 70; M. A. Frye, $133 50; T. E. Davis, $14; R. T. Scott, $50; M. A. Bray, $162 50; G. F. Gasaway, $8; R. T. Scott, $111 48; Wm. Hellicre, $3; Sacramento Lumber Company, $11 40; A. Hallen, $150; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, $2; Chas. Zeidler, $6 55; Capitol Gas Company, $25 20; W. H. Baldwin, $50; C. H. Krebs, $4 70; C. E. Bishop, $133 30; G. E. Kuchler, $128 91; A. Keithley, $100; N. J. Toll, $115; Wilson & Mitchell, $257 75; W. M. Reese, $14; John Farnham, $2 90; Frank Foster, $15; Bancroft & Co., $50; Gerber Bros., $406 57; Lee Stanley, $2 50; James McCaw, $1 50; A. Flohr, $8 50; J. A. Wilson, $7 25; Ben Cohen, $14 19; John Cox, $150; A. W. Mars, $16 80; Ross Barnhardt, $10; Nick Deely, $20 80; Jacob Miller, $16; Mrs. M. A. Cook, $10; Peter Erauw, $89 78; John Smith, $1 25; L. M. Lincoln, $3; P. J. Caffrey, $4; Blward Christy, $120; William Breeding, $19; Richard Dale, $18; L. L. Wilcox, $25; John Reel, $12; M. Wagoner, $22; John Watt, $20; Charles Shiebar, $12; Frank Schiler, $18; John Rider, $23; J. W. Richmond, $20; S. Rosenfeldt, $18; Thomas Ryan, $20 50; Henry Porter, $26 50; P. H. Murphy, $19 75; B. Lucy, $18; A. Logan, $22; James Malone, $12; D. C. Kilgore, $9 75; Phil Kendal, $24; R. Kilgour, $18; A. Johnson, $22; F. S. Hotchkiss, $20; J. H. Hussey, $24; E. Gilkey, $24; C. W. Graves, $20; John Gerber, $12 50; M. Foy, $18; H. H. Fassett, $11 50; G. W. Baker, $14; C. W. Eldred, $13 75; Manuel Castro, $22; W. F. Borchers, $22; D. M. Cox, $22; J. J. Bauer, $16; C. Berghauser, $17; S. D. Johnson, $115; Wm. Cramp, $50; John Skelton, $67 50; N. B. Houston, $115; H. L. Buckley, $300; R. S. Jones, $33 18; S. Nathan, $60; W. Weizel, $12; D. Duessen, $257 47; N. A. Kidder, $110 86; A. Heilbron, $991 85; Louis Kesberg, $10; J. F. Dreman, $112; W. C. Hopping, $3; Frank Swift, $13 30; W. J. Davis, $60; W. S. Wilkerson, $30; W. F. Drew, $75; C. E. Burnham, $60; Margaret McCann, $20; W. H. Bell, $30; John Knapp, $6 50; Mrs. E. J. Beckley, $30; E. J. Beckley, $60; C. H. Hyman, $30; August Schmit, $30; William Fitzmorice, $60; G. A. White, $283; Mary McKee, $30; David Burrell, $30; A. Kunaman, $30; Mary M. Langhlan, $30; A. Schaden, $97 81; F. Koliker, $16 75; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., $21 89; Hattie M. Houston, $115; J. W. Houston, $27 70; F. B. Houston, $150; J. W. Houston, $125; John M. Ingram, $100; F. Woodward, $20; S. J. & J. M. Jackson, $4; W. A. Butterfield, $91 53; Golden Eagle Hotel, $237 75; A. J. Vermilya, $100 65; H. A. Kidder, $30; Maria Sylvia, $15; R. T. Carey, $63; H. A. Heilbron, $115; Edward Christy, $10; D. E. Callahan, $166 66; F. A. Massol, $20; Frank Foster, $10; A. C. Tufts, $37 20; Bidwell & Cook, $5; H. Winters, $165 91; H. S. Crocker & Co., $356 38.

COMMISSIONED.—Governor Perkins has commissioned the following: John L. Klein, as Second Lieutenant of Company C, First Infantry Regiment, Second Brigade; James William Keinfeld, as Second Lieutenant of Company H, Second Artillery Regiment, Second Brigade.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.—Governor Perkins has appointed the following as Notaries Public: B. Blockburger for Humboldt county, to reside at Blockburg; R. B. Terry for Fresno county, to reside at Fresno; N. F. Sanford for Calaveras county, to reside at Camp Seco.

THE RIVER.—The Sacramento river last evening reached the 21-foot mark—the highest point attained this season. The American river has not risen much, and, so far this year, has behaved handsomely.

COMMISSION ISSUED.—Governor Perkins has issued a commission to Talbot H. Wallis, who was elected Librarian of the State Library, by the Board of State Library Trustees on the 6th day of April, 1882.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.—Governor Perkins has appointed Meloncy C. Somat as a Commissioner of Deeds for this State, to reside at New Orleans, Louisiana.

TRADE-MARK.—John Ramos, of St. Helena, has filed with the Secretary of State his claim to the trade-mark "Ramos Pioneer St. Helena Sherry House" for wine.

APPOINTED.—Governor Perkins has appointed D. T. Perkins as a Supervisor of the Third District of Ventura county, vice Browne, resigned.

PARTIES in the country who have heretofore had suits made at the Capital Woolen Mills, can have their suits made to order by sending for samples and prices. *

A BEAUTIFUL display of fashionable millinery. Opening days of the new Millinery Parlors to-day and to-morrow. Red House. *

DICK FELLOWS.

It having been announced by the RECORD-UNION yesterday that the eminent stage-robber, Dick Fellows, would arrive on the noon train from San Francisco, there was a large assembly at the depot to see this much talked of and noted individual. He was traveling in company with Sheriff Sherman, of Santa Barbara county. He was escorted to the County Jail on his arrival in the city, and allowed to remain there until time for the 4 o'clock train for Folsom. On the train coming from San Francisco, a reporter of the RECORD-UNION engaged Mr. Fellows in conversation, and found him a pleasant, intelligent and well-informed man, ready to converse and anxious to have it understood that he is not one of the common herd, but an aristocratic robber. He says that he always kept the best of company and never associated with scrubs. He is altogether too high strung to have anything to do with footpads or petty larceny thieves. He conducted his business on a higher plane. He never robbed an individual in his life, and defies the whole world to prove to the contrary. His operations were confined entirely to the capture of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure, and in the robbing of that "illegitimate corporation," as he calls it. He says this visit to Folsom was not intended by him, and is rather unexpected. He had urgent business in Mexico, and had it not been for a bucking horse he would to-day be basking in the shades of the orange groves of our sister Republic. He stated that when they insisted on his taking up his future residence either at San Quentin or Folsom, he decided to try the climate of our valley, and take up his residence in Sacramento county. He said he strongly objected to visiting San Quentin, from the fact that he had on a former occasion been a guest of that institution, and that he and Warden Ames differed very widely as to how the institution should be run, and the administration of affairs generally; and thinking perhaps it would be pleasanter for he and Mr. Ames to be confined in different institutions, he had decided on Folsom. He says he never robbed the United States mail; says he is a patriotic citizen, a strong lover of his country, and that he has too much veneration for her institutions to think of committing such a crime. For years Mr. Fellows had been a school-teacher. He declined to speak of the unfortunate circumstances which prevented his reforming after he was discharged from prison, and dwelt with considerable bitterness upon the manner in which society treats those who have paid the penalty of their crimes by years of imprisonment. A convict is branded, spurned, despised, avoided and never trusted by society. They are continually hounded by the secret service police, and in many cases are driven to acts of desperation. In substance this was the expression of this distinguished knight of the highway: "Probably a great many think, from the bold but not cruel life I have led, that I am dead to all appreciation of the sublime and beautiful. How great their mistake. No man who treads the green earth by day, or beholds enraptured the starry firmament at night, has a keener sense or appreciation of the beauties of nature than I. Because I go to Folsom for committing an offense against a corporation I abhor, it does not follow that I am a wicked individual. No man, woman or child can ever say that Dick Fellows did them a wrong; but the many kind acts done by these manacled hands would fill a goodly-sized volume." Fellows is a man of medium hight, pleasant-spoken and of agreeable manners. He has not the air of a brigand, but is a person whose dignified appearance and pleasant address would pass him in any crowd as an average citizen.

PROMISING OUTLOOK.—Yesterday two items in the RECORD-UNION mentioned, first, that there is a general advance in real estate values, such as has not been known here in a number of years; and the second that the Capital Bank building had been sold to Governor Perkins. The property referred to is on one of the best business corners in the city, and is 60 feet front on J street, by 160 feet on Fourth street. It is understood that Governor Perkins pays $65,000 for the premises and lots. These facts serve as the text for the remark that Sacramento is now giving evidence of a prosperity that promises a very large increase in values and in general business. It is known that all desirable real estate is being held at much firmer figures; that capital, which always makes sure of its foothold, is taking more largely invested here; that eligible business locations are in demand, and that business property is steadily appreciating; that in the immediate vicinity of the city more extensive cultivation of the soil is being engaged in; that new industries are being inaugurated, and that within a few months the number of skilled mechanics in employment in the city will be largely and permanently increased. Added to this is the establishment of a new monetary institution, with skilled financiers at its back; the belief that natural causes will make this a grain deposit center for a very large area of country north and west of the city; the marked impetus that has been given to building; the more substantial character of building that is going on; the still wider recognition of this as a trade center; the investment by capitalists in business property, etc. Generally the feeling prevails that the immediate future of the city is to be one of unexampled prosperity, and that it will result in a continued material growth in population, trade and commercial importance. Such is the present belief in the public mind, and it is based on no mere speculation or hope, but upon evidences patent to the thoughtful and observant.

"DO YOU TUMBLE?"—A man by the name of Nichols, an inmate of the Folsom State prison, who has been doing menial duties for a long time, when the grounds were being laid out into gardens made some valuable suggestions regarding the same to Warden McComb. He was asked what he knew about gardens, when he replied that his father for many years had acted in the capacity of gardener for the Baroness Burdett-Coutts. Nichols was immediately promoted to the position of gardener in-chief. He has proven that he understands his business thoroughly, as the beautifully laid out grounds bear evidence. The Warden, in conversation with Nichols, who has nine years to serve, expressed great satisfaction at the manner in which the work had been done and what future pleasure was in store when all the flowers and shrubs would blossom and fill the air with their fragrance. Nichols thanked him and said, "General, it will be a greater satisfaction to me than you." "Why so?" asked the General. "Well, General, I expect to remain longer here than you will be allowed to. Do you tumble?"

PRISONER EN ROUTE.—M. M. Drew, U. S. Marshal for California, arrived here yesterday from Oroville, having in custody Andrew M. Campbell. The prisoner was placed in the County Jail for safe keeping until last evening, when the Marshal continued on to San Francisco with him. He is charged with having robbed the United States mail at Redding on the 15th of August last of two letters, the property of John Jackson, containing two checks of the value of $1,250. Campbell was arrested at Oroville a few days since in an opium den, and when he was searched those checks were found upon him. The officers having had a description of the checks sent them sometime previous, immediately telegraphed the United States Marshal of their discovery. Campbell claims that he is innocent of any crime, and that he came honestly by the checks; that he took them in trade. The United States Marshal says that Campbell is wanted at Portland, Oregon, to answer to a similar charge.

LIFE INSURANCE.—G. O. Hayford, formerly a merchant in this city, has taken the agency for this section of the State of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, and established his office at 227 J street, in this city. He announces in another column this morning some leading facts in relation to this well-known company, among which are that it has been before the public since 1835; that its assets are over $16,000 000, with a surplus of over $2,500 000 above liabilities, and that the policies of the company are protected by the new Massachusetts non-forfeiting law. Special stress is placed upon the security afforded under the present law of that State.

EXCITEMENT IN CHURCH.—Yesterday being Holy Thursday, there was a very large attendance at St. Rose Church, in this city, at the 10 o'clock—morning service. In the course of the ceremonies the decorations in one of the niches near the altar caught on fire. The audience, particularly the women, became alarmed, screamed loudly and rushed frantically towards the door. The fire was soon extinguished, no damage was done, and, luckily, no one was hurt in the crowding for the door.

VEGETABLES.—A large invoice of choice spring vegetables will arrive daily, consisting of ripe tomatoes, cucumbers, green peas, rhubarb, green peppers, new tomatoes, asparagus, Romain lettuce and fine bleached celery. As we get all our vegetables direct from the growers, we can supply our customers with the freshest and cheapest in the city. D. DeBernardi & Co. *

TO-DAY and to-morrow are opening days of the new Millinery Parlors of Red House, second floor, 706 J street. *

BANK CASE AGAIN POSTPONED.

The case known under the title of H. G. Smith, assignee, vs. the Odd Fellows' Savings and Commercial Bank and others, came up again in the Superior Court yesterday, and was again continued. Judge George E. Williams, of El Dorado county, before whom the case is to be tried—if it ever reaches that stage of proceeding—presided. Messrs. Catlin & Hamberger, H. Edgerton and S. Poorman were present, representing the depositors contesting the assignment, and Attorney-General Hart for the People's Savings Bank. Application was made by General Hart, in behalf of H. G. Smith, the assignee, and his counsel, Creed Haymond, the latter being absent, for a continuance.

In support of the application, and instead of affidavits being submitted, as is usually done, it was consented that the assignee should make a statement under oath before the Court, to be taken down by the official reporter. The testimony was to the effect that Mr. Haymond had made application to the attorneys on the part of depositors, upon the ground that he could not attend a trial now, for a continuance, but that they would not consent to it; that a few days since the assignee, Mr. Smith, met Judge Denson upon the street in this city, and informed him that Mr. Haymond could not be present at a trial now, and therefore wished the case postponed; that Judge Denson told him to telegraph to Judge Williams in his (Judge Denson's) name about it, but he replied that he did not know where Judge Williams was; that Judge Denson then told him to telegraph to Haymond to "tell Judge Williams that the case is postponed, and that I will confer with him about setting another time;" that he sent such a dispatch to Mr. Haymond, and hence he was not here.

Mr. Poorman testified that he met Mr. Haymond a few days since in San Francisco, and assured him that no continuance would be consented to, and that Haymond replied that he would be ready then for trial.

Mr. Catlin said that he thought it very strange that Judge Denson should have directed such a dispatch as above to be sent, and not to have entered a continuance upon the Court records, or said nothing about it to counsel. As Judge Denson is now holding Court in place of Judge Williams, at Placerville, Mr. Catlin at once sent a telegram to him there, asking what dispatch he had authorized to be sent to Haymond.

Before a reply was received, however, Judge Williams concluded to grant a continuance on account of the absence of counsel from apparent misunderstanding, but made an order that the defendants should pay $50 as costs of the continuance. The case was then continued until May 23d, and the Court adjourned. Soon after the case had been continued a dispatch was received from Judge Denson, in which he said, in relation to his remarks to Mr. Smith about postponement of the case: "I authorized a telegram to Judge Williams saying I did not believe the case would be ready for trial."

MERCHANDISE REPORT.—The following freight passed Ogden for Sacramento on the 31 instant: For Weinstock & Lubin, 2 boxes hosiery, 4 cases boots, 2 boxes dry goods, 3 boxes hats; N. S. Arnold & Co., 5 bundles iron; W. D. Comstock, 6 boxes chairs; S. Lipman & Co., 3 boxes dry goods; J. Breuner, 1 box dry goods; Billingsley & Co., 20 barrels and 1 bale baskets, 3 boxes brushes, 3 cases play cards; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 145 plates iron, 1 car nails, 1 box and 1 barrel carriage irons, 1 box bolts, 1 box screws; L. K. Hammer, 2 pianos; Arnold & Flint, 7 boxes bolts; Locke & Lavenson, 50 rolls paper, 1 roll matting, 1 roll carpet; Capital Furniture Co., 6 boxes marble; H. Eckhardt, 1 barrel earthenware, 1 crate traps; Holman, Stanton & Co., 13 boxes knives; C. Lyon & Co., 1 case dry goods; C. P. R. R. Co., 1 lathe, 1 shaft, 2 boxes machinery; Terry McMorry, 2 boxes olive oil; Baker & Hamilton, 1 box and 1 barrel hardware; A. Dennery & Co., 22 boxes lamp chimneys; A. A. Van Voorhies & Co., 5 barrels curry-combs, 3 cases hardware, 1 case whips; Adams, McNeill & Co., 10 cases tomato catsup; H. C. Kirk & Co., 2 boxes drugs; Henry Fisher, 1 case liquorice; J. M. Wiedmann, 1 case liquorice; F. M. Shields, 4 boxes machinery, 1 cheat books; Con. Sullivan, 1 case hardware, 1 package iron pipe; C. A. D. Gray, 1 case cigars; Hale Bros. & Co., 1 box cotton goods; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, 2 boxes paper; S. J. Nathan & Co., 1 case furnishing goods; L. J. Lithauer, 1 case furnishing goods.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—The Nellie Boyd company presented last evening "The Millionaire's Daughter." It was well played save in the character assumed by Mr. Emery. He "preached" where there was call for no declamation, and his effort to be earnest was a failure. If he will declaim less, and be more natural in his delivery, he will greatly improve. Mr. Hart, the low comedian, agreeably surprised all by his excellent assumption of the character of a dignified old man. Miss Boyd was excellent as the persecuted and misjudged Helen. The piece was not, however, at all equal to her abilities. The lady made manifest her versatility by appearing as Betty Saunders in the old farce, "The Fool of the Family." To-night will be given the sensational drama of "East Lynne."

AUCTION TO-MORROW.—Bell & Co., auctioneers, will sell to-morrow morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at the residence of Joseph Hahn, No. 1101 H street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, on account of departure for the East, all the elegant and well-kept furniture and household goods, consisting, in part, as follows: Two elegant walnut, marble-top chamber sets, one parlor set of three pieces, one elegant pier glass, oil paintings and chromos, fine body Brussels and tapestry and stair carpets throughout the entire house; also, one elegant walnut, marble-top sideboard, extension table, dining-room chairs; also, one fine "Stewart" stove, with copper boiler and fixtures complete, crockery, glass and woodenware, garden hose, tools, etc.

TRUSTEES OF STATE LIBRARY.—The Trustees of the State Library met at the Capitol yesterday. Present, Messrs. Freeman, Belcher, Crane, Owen and Edgerton. The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, A. C. Freeman. Talbot H. Wallis, the newly-elected Librarian, acted as Clerk. Mr. Cravens, the outgoing Librarian, made his final report, which was read, accepted and ordered on file. The bond of the new Librarian, with M. Fay and John Ryan as bondsmen, was received and the same approved. The deputies appointed were N. E. White, of this city, and Miss M. A. Patton, of Oakland. F. F. Freeman, of Sacramento county, was appointed porter. Adjourned to the call of the President.

LARGE FUNERAL.—The funeral of E. B. Mott, Jr., took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence on F street, between Seventh and Eighth, and was very largely attended. The religious services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Hill and Rev. Carroll Davis. Among those who were present from San Francisco were: George A. Moore and wife, Herbert Moore, J. M. Kilgariff, Samuel Marks, J. N. Patton, C. C. Knox, E. B. Ryan, Robert M. Hamilton and Jos. Glover. The floral tributes were numerous and of rare design. One from the attaches of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company, in the form of a broken column, surmounted with a white dove with out-spread wings, was very beautiful.

LAST GAME OF BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.—The last game of the billiard tournament was played last evening between Messrs. Gleason and Robbins. The spacious billiard room of the Union Hotel was thronged with interested spectators. Gleason wins the first prize and Robbins the second. The following is the score of the last game: Gleason—1 1 0 1 4 0 0 1 3 6 0 0 0 1 5 2 6 2 2 1 1 4 0 2 2 3 3 2 9 0 2 0 0 0 8 5 8 3 0 8 1 4 1 4 6 1 2 0 1 0 3 0 0 8 5 1 0 1 1 1 3 0 0 6 4 1 1 4—200; average, 8⅓. Robbins—0 6 5 2 1 3 6 0 6 2 1 2 1 8 4 0 1 5 1 3 2 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 0 4 2 0 1 0 1 1 6 1 1 0 2 1 1 6 2 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 5 6 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 7 1 1 7 0—190; average, 3 11-63.

POLICE COURT.—The case of C. Shear, for forgery, was continued to April 7th. Ah Yet, charged with keeping an opium den, was discharged. Frank Bragg, visiting an opium den, was fined $10 or ten days in the city jail. William Morton, James Burns, alias Devereux, William Henderson, Harry Miller and Frank Smith, charged with vagrancy, had their cases continued to this morning. J. J. Frawley, a drunk, fined $5 or five days.

CANE PRESENTATION.—Yesterday, at the close of the meeting of the Trustees of the State Library, Talbot H. Wallis, the newly-elected State Librarian, presented R. O. Cravens, his predecessor, with a beautiful gold-headed cane as a token of esteem and respect. Mr. Wallis served for ten years in the Library under Mr. Cravens.

IMMIGRANTS.—One hundred immigrants passed Carlin yesterday en route to California. There are twenty-nine females in the party. They will arrive in this city by the overland this afternoon.

WE SHALL be happy to see all the ladies to-day and to-morrow at the opening of our new Millinery Parlors. Red House. *

AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH TO-DAY.—Litany at 12 M; evening service, 7:30 P. M. *

AN OPENING.

One of the events in the annual mercantile transactions and happenings of the year is the "opening" each spring of the millinery department of the Mechanics' Store. Messrs. Weinstock & Lubin's opening day this year was on Wednesday. But Wednesday was a rainy day, and though great numbers of ladies visited the beautiful rooms of the department, yesterday's dryer atmosphere and unclouded sky enabled the lovers of this branch of the fine arts to throng the department, and it is probable that the crush will continue for some days, as the rule that the goods of opening days shall not be removed for a season, though sold, is inflexibly enforced. The rooms have been decorated in charming taste, and the eye, turn where it may, is delighted with graceful lines, harmony of color and beautiful arrangement of the rich and elegant goods special to the department. In the midst of such a throng of ladies as yesterday crowded the rooms, the reporter found himself quite incapacitated from entering upon any detailed examination of the goods. They are too numerous, varied and dazzlingly beautiful to be treated with any great success in the limits of an ordinary article. It must suffice, therefore, to generally indicate the character of the display. As a whole, it is the most brilliant and choice, and the most tasteful and pleasing, yet made by the firm, and reflects much credit upon the good taste of the junior of the firm, who made the selections in the Eastern markets. The small room at the rear of the main apartment is arranged as a parlor, the walls hung with paintings from the easels of Bush, Robinson and Jackson, while the floor is dressed in white, the better to secure a good effect as to lights. Here, too, is a striking wax figure, life-size, of a woman in bridal costume. In this room are shown samples of the new elegant white jet lace, that takes the place of the black jet of the winter. It makes a beautiful bonnet with colored lining in lavender or pink. Here are shown passementerie and beaded laces, in varied combinations of colors and tints, from light-blue to bronze-green, and white pearl to lavender, at $6 50 a yard. They are as great favorites as they are novelties in the new styles in which they are presented. The main room is filled with rich and beautiful millinery goods, and even a detailed description of them would fail to convey an adequate idea of the charming effect they produce. One of the walls is beautifully decorated with artificial flowers, from $5 50 to $7 50 per spray. Over the main entrance to the room is a handsome evergreen arch, esthetic in its design and ornamentation, the decorations being only sunflowers and lillies. One section of wall is a perfect bed of artificial flowers, and one notes, as he gazes, that roses and buds prevail and are evidently reigning favorites. However, "esthetic" flowers equal them, such as the new shades of "moose," sunflowers, daisies, pansies and poppies. All flowers, it is evident, are to be worn this season larger than ever. Near the entrance on the west is a case of beautiful white feathers, especially worthy of notice. Some of the elegant plumes shown range from $10 to $22 50 each. On the opposite side is a noticeable case filled with head gear for infants and children. Here are to be seen some of the choicest novelties ever brought to this market. Very attractive is a Mother Hubbard poke of wash material. There are several others equally handsome in lace and colored mulls; one in pale pink silk, crape, shirred crown and brim, is a delight to the eye. On the east wall is a long upright case filled with rich crapes falling in heavy and graceful folds. Nearly all the new trimmings this year are of crapes and gros grain silks, from pale to shades of cream to the darkest colors. Among them, one notes that the old emerald-green is retained. There are bronzes of many shades, olive, myrtle-green, Havana-bronze, moose, lilac, and several shades in creams. In one corner is a display of mourning bonnets. They are of the finest ever seen here. One is in crepe de chine, with dead jet braid and flower trimmings. Another is all crape, with one and a half yards of veil falling from the back, making crown and veil all in one. One notices some elegant crowns of yellow straw on black lace ground. The variety of bonnets on the tables is very large, and the display is exceeding beautiful. They range from the tiniest capote to the extremely large Sarah Barnhardt poke, and some show tall conical crowns. Everything about hats seems to run to beads—nothing appears complete without beads. Among the novelties are chips, fine Milans, horsehair, Neapolitans, porcupine, Rough-and-Ready's, and fancy Tuscans. Manila braids and Panamas prevail. Very few turbans are to be seen. In ribbons, fine gros grain and imitation of painted rule. They are extremely handsome. Lace ribbons are novelties, and seem to be great favorites. They are decidedly new. Some are shown with large pansies in plush embroidered into the texture of the ribbon. For ornaments, birds, darts, arrows, bugs and flies of all kinds are shown. Velvet facings will, it is evident, be very popular also. All the elegant genuine French hats and bonnets are so catalogued and kept account of that any one of them can be reproduced by the firm on short notice.

CELEBRATION AND PICNIC.—Yolo Lodge, No. 169, I. O. O. F., advertise that they will give a celebration and picnic at Tammany Grove, Davisville, on Wednesday, April 26, 1882. The literary exercises will take place at 1 P. M. Poem by Albert Hart, of Sacramento; oration by Rev. Dr. Healy, of Woodland; Past Grand Master Ezra Pearson, of Sacramento, President of the Day; R. H. Beamer, of Woodland, Marshal; W. F. Peterson, of Sacramento, Lecturer. Music will be furnished by Jones & Bebe's band. Admission to platform, $1. Special excursions will run to the Grove from points and at rates as follows: Fare, round trip, from Sacramento, 7:35 A. M., $1; Black's Station, 7 A. M.; $1 50; Yolo, 7:15 A. M., $1; Woodland, 8:45 A. M., 75 cents; Knight's Landing, 8 A. M., $1 25; Madison, 6:25 A. M., $2; Winters, 7 A. M., $1 50; Vacaville, 7:50 A. M., $1 25; Elmira, 8:30 A. M., $1; Batavia, 8:45 A. M., 75 cents; Dixon, 8 A. M., 50 cents. Returning trains will leave the Grove for Dixon, Batavia and Elmira at 6:20 P. M.; for Woodland, Black's and Knight's Landing at 7 P. M., and for Sacramento at 7:20 P. M.

AUCTION TO-DAY.—Bell & Co., auctioneers, will this morning, at 10:30 o'clock, in front of salesroom, No. 916 J street, between Ninth and Tenth, on account of departure from the city, one small house of furniture and housekeeping goods of all kinds. Sale positive.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

W. L. Pritchard to J. W. Kaseberg—March 31, 1882; for $12,240; the north half of section 20, and all of sections 21, 26, 27 and 28, in township 10 north, range 4 east, containing 2,880 acres.

G. V. Smith and wife to Ella McDaniel—April 3, 1882; grant; the east 40 feet of the west 66½ feet of the north 88 feet of lot 1, G and H, Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets.

C. H. Swift to Jane Hersum—April 3, 1882; grant; east half of north half of lot 5, E and F, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, Sacramento.

George C. McMullen to Joseph Purrington—for $20,000; the south half of the southwest quarter of section 14, and the north two-quarters of north-west quarter of section 23, in township 8 north, range 5 east, containing 200acres.

Benjamin B. Scott to Albert Root—April 3, 1882; the east 75 feet of north half of lot No 4, in the block bounded by I and J, Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, Sacramento.

Charles McLaughan and H. M. Newhall to O. S. Boardman—December 23, 1881; for $340; 20 acres in section 11, township 5 north, range 7 east.

Mary Ann O'Connor to Margaret Halloran—April 4, 1882; for $1,150; the south 25 feet of the east 75 feet of lot 8, N and O, Front and Second streets, Sacramento.

James Cole to John P. Hanchett—April 4, 1882; for $1,700; the undivided half of west half of northwest quarter and lot 4 of southwest quarter of section 21, and east half of northeast quarter of section 20, and east half of southwest quarter of section 16, township 10 north, range 5 east.

L. Grimes to E. M. Grimes—February 14, 1882; grant; the north half of east half of lot 1, P and Q, Eleventh and Twelfth streets, Sacramento.

Joseph and Mary Castle to Allen and Earnest Grimes—March 30, 1882; for $10; the north half of lot 1, P and Q, Eleventh and Twelfth streets, Sacramento.

John H., Julia A. and Barbara Ann Hayden to William White—April 1, 1882; for $950; block bounded by X and Y, Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, Sacramento.

W. W. Gilkey to Catherine M. Gilkey—March 24, 1882; grant; lot 4, K and L, Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, Sacramento.

Charles Crocker to O. S. Boardman—December 16, 1881; for $225; lot 13 in block 18, town of Galt.

Eli Mayo to Central Pacific Railroad Company—March 21, 1882; for $1; lots 65 and 66, in Slater's addition to Sacramento city.

Charles Crocker to the Central Pacific Railroad Company—March 27, 1882; for $1; lots 65 and 66, in Slater's addition to Sacramento city.

Central Pacific Railroad Company to W. P. Coleman—Grant; the west 40 feet of east 100 feet, also the north 35 feet of the east 100 feet of lot 6, H and I, Front and Second streets, Sacramento; also a tract lying immediately north of said tract.

W. P. Coleman to Columbus Waterhouse—April 4, 1882; grant; the same property.

HONESTY is the best policy in medicine as well as in other things. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a genuine preparation, an unequaled spring medicine and blood purifier, decidedly superior to all others in the market. Trial proves it.

DRUGGISTS say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy for female weakness that they ever heard of, for it gives universal satisfaction. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, No. 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

HUNDREDS testify of the benefits received from Rock and Rye. G. W. Chesley, agent. *

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Hon. John F. Swift, of San Francisco, is visiting the city.

George Cadwalader, of this city, left for the East last evening.

George Cowles, of this city, has gone to Vallecito, Calaveras county, to look after mining interests.

Henry P. MacNevin, of French Gulch, Shasta county, passed through this city yesterday, en route to Bodie.

Captain I. Polhemus, Superintendent of the railroad company's steamers on the Colorado river, visited Sacramento yesterday.

Rev. Dr. Stratton, of the University of the Pacific at San Jose, is to lecture in this city at the Sixth street M. E. Church, upon "Mormonism," the latter part of this month.

W. G. Curtis, General Superintendent of Track, and G. A. Stone, his assistant, returned by special train from Ogden yesterday, after making an inspection of the line of the Central Pacific.

At the Eldred House: Hugh Gray, John Mills, Elk Grove; James Anderson, Wheatland; Geo. E. Wilson, Cosumnes; J. W. Gafford, S. F. Cameron, Davisville; Chas. H. Collins, Truckee; I. J. Doty, Forest Home; W. H. Hawes, Salem, Mass.

Friends of J. H. Corbin having learned that Wednesday was the thirty-seventh anniversary of his birthday, assembled at his place of business and presented him with a handsome gold locket, as a token of the good will they entertain for him. The presentation was made by Major W. H. Bartels, and subsequently there was a partaking of solid and liquid refreshments.

In the city yesterday: C. A. Zwisler, San Francisco; I. G. Cunningham, Oakland; Dr. E. H. Zeister and wife, Placerville; Mrs. W. A. Thomas, Roseville; Mrs. W. H. Jones, Colorado; George Rogers, Oroville; J. L. Gould, Dutch Flat; Samuel Lewis, John Smith, E. Barker, Sheridan; A. G. Taylor, Michigan Bar; Al. Devoe, Mrs. C. Cashman, George Cashman, Cosumnes; F. Ross, C. Holman, San Francisco; J. Hendenburg, Courtland; Wm. E. Johnson, Sacramento county; J. G. Wood, White Rock; S. Holdridge, Deer Creek; E. C. Newell, John F. Swift, R. M. Hamilton, W. S. Zeilen, San Francisco; E. B. Sprague, Portland, Oregon.

Indigestion's Martyrs.

Half the diseases of the human family spring from a disordered stomach, and may be prevented by invigorating and toning that abused and neglected organ with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Let it be borne in mind that the liver, the kidneys, the intestines, the muscles, the ligaments, the bones, the nerves, the integuments, are all renewed and nourished by the blood, and that the digestive organs are the grand alembic in which the materials of the vital fluid are prepared. When the stomach fails to provide healthful nourishment for its dependencies they necessarily suffer, and the ultimate result, if the evil is not arrested, will be chronic and probably fatal disease somewhere. It may be developed in the kidneys in the form of diabetis, in the liver as congestion, in the muscles as rheumatism, in the nerves as paralysis, in the integuments as scrofula. Remember, however, that each and all of these consequences of indigestion may be prevented by the timely and regular use of that sovereign antidote to dyspepsia, Hostetter's Bitters.

There is a great deal of talk in Columbus, O., over a recent marriage. The bridegroom was William D. Pugh, son of a Judge, nephew of a member of Congress, heir to $250,000, and of very respectable social connections. The bride was Ella Bo

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This POWDER never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York. m7-1y

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,

—FOR—

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, SUCH AS COUGHS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THE FEW COMPOsitions which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvelous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues never equaled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed, the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their painful effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely defense. The prudent should not neglect it, and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its early use in sudden attack.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

H. C KIRK & CO.

Wholesale Agents.....Sacramento.

m4 MWFSuS

City Board of Examination

WILL HOLD AN EXAMINATION FOR APplicants for teachers' certificates at the High School Building, northeast corner Ninth and M streets, commencing at 8:30 A. M., April 12th.

[B. C.] a6-7d

Hospital Supplies.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE THIRTY-SECOND section of an Act entitled "An Act providing for the government of the county of Sacramento," approved April 25, 1863, sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of said county up to 11 o'clock A. M.,

APRIL 19, 1882,

For furnishing supplies to the COUNTY HOSPITAL of the county of Sacramento, State of California, for the term of three months, commencing APRIL 19, and ending JULY 19, 1882.

☞ List of articles to be supplied can be seen on application at the office of the County Clerk.

All bids to be left with the County Clerk.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by sureties.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

☞ At the same time and place, bids will be received for WOOD as follows: Fifty Cords of Second Growth or Mountain White Oak, to be delivered at the County Hospital, and Twenty Cords of the same quality to be delivered at the County Jail.

m28 td THOS. H. BERKEY, Clerk.

REREGISTRATION.

WHEREAS, BY AN ORDER OF THE BOARD of Supervisors of Sacramento county, made in conformity with Section 1094 of the Political Code, and entered of record on the 9th day of December, 1881, canceling all names then on the Great Register of said county, and requiring a reregistration of the voters therein, all persons entitled to be registered as voters in said county are hereby notified to present themselves at the office of the County Clerk, in the Court-house at the city of Sacramento, for such registration.

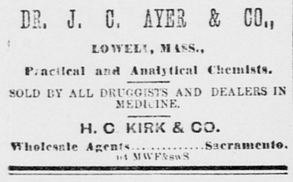
Sacramento, December 10, 1881.

THOMAS H. BERKEY,

d10 tf County Clerk.

CARRIAGES

Nevada's Grand Gold Medals for 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879 and 1881.



EIGHT GOLD AND EIGHT SILVER MEDALS, HIS First Class Premiums for the best work from the Mechanics' Fair, San Francisco, and the different State Fairs held in the State and Nevada.

☞ One of my Buggies is worth SIX Cheap Eastern Buggies.

HARRY BERNARD,

MANUFACTURER, COR. SIXTH AND L STREETS SACRAMENTO.

☞ I have on hand and for sale at the lowest possible prices, the new style of PONY PHAETONS, the handsomest in the State. Family Carriages, latest patterns. Neatest Open Buggies in the State. Light Top Buggies. Heavy Top Buggies for mountain use. Farmers' Carriages. Trotting Wagons and Sulkies, all of my own make. Carriage Painting and Trimming done at the lowest price. None but the most experienced workmen employed. Repairing neatly done, and all work is warranted. Call at the Factory and see for yourself. a1-4ptf

PIKE & YOUNG,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURers, corner of Fourth and L streets, Sacramento, have on hand the largest assortment of Carriages, Wagons and Buggies to be found in Sacramento, which they w sell at very low rates. m13-4p

BENSON & LESHER,

CARRIAGE-PAINTING AND Trimming; also, all kinds of signs. The cheapest and best place in the city for first class work. Give us a call and be convinced. Second street, between K and L. m20-4ptf

D. J. SIMMONS & CO

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

All classes Auction Business promptly attended to.

Office, No. 1021 Fourth st., bet. J and K.

fe7-4p6m

NEW STYLES

OF CHAMBER SETS AND FURNITURE, in Walnut and Ash, at

LOWEST PRICES.

W. D. COMSTOCK,

fe20-4ptf Fifth and K streets.

Finest Imported Claret,

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF,

JOHNSTON BUTTER,

TEA in One-Pound Cribbage Boxes, 75 Cents. With the Full Line of GROCERIES.

P. H. RUSSELL,

NO. 719 J STREET...(fe20-1n)...SACRAMENTO

THE PIONEER BOX FACTORY

Still Ahead of All Competitors.

COOKE & SON

CORNER OF

Front and M streets.....Sacramento.

a7-4ptf

SAN FRANCISCO.

Sale of the "Chronicle"—Not a Pleasant Mining Outlook—Small-Pox—The Police Commission—The O'Brien Estate—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The Grand Lodge resumed their labors at Dashaway Hall at 10 o'clock this morning. The usual routine business was transacted, after which the Committees on Appeals and Grievances submitted their reports. The minority report in the case of E. F. Loud, D. G. M., against Valley Lodge, No. 30, was adopted, reversing the decision of the Grand Master. The minority report in the Grainville Lodge, No. 13, vs. White, was adopted, reversing the decision of the subordinate Lodge, and reinstating White. A resolution was adopted that no matter for legislation be adopted after 2 o'clock. The Lodge then took a recess.

The Grand Lodge reconvened at 2 o'clock, when the newly elected officers were installed, and the Order closed its session this afternoon.

The "Chronicle" Sale.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The rumor that the *Chronicle* has changed hands, which has had currency here for many days, is now an open secret. The paper, it is said, will pass into the hands of railroad corporations, rivals to the Pacific coast railroad monopoly, and will ne under the immediate management of representatives of the rival corporations. It will support whatever anti-monopoly movements may be developed in the coming campaign.

The Police Commission Question.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Saturday morning the Supervisors will meet and confirm the nominations for Police Commissioners of Messrs. Wells, Boyd and Beaver. The Supervisors maintain that the term of office of the present incumbents has expired. The present Police Commissioners, however, contend that they hold office until the Legislature acts in the premises, and they claim that the Legislature alone has the power to determine their term of office. There will, consequently, not be any surrender. Written opinions of prominent lawyers, taking the latter view of the case, have been placed in the hands of Governor Perkins, and an opinion was obtained by the Supervisors recently for the benefit of the Governor from the City and County Attorney, in which it was held that the right to appoint was vested in them.

Stock Taken In—Assessments.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Thirty thousand shares of Belcher stock had to be taken in by the company at the delinquent sale on Friday last.

The Holmes Mining Company has levied an assessment of 10 cents per share, and an assessment of 50 cents is levied by Best & Belcher.

The O'Brien Estate—Negotiations Considered Off.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—In the case of the estate of William S. O'Brien to-day, the Court decided that $1,000,000 should be reserved for possible creditors, and the balance of the estate distributed. The account of the executors was approved.

The five days' grace given by the San Francisco Produce Exchange to the stockholders of the Merchants' Exchange to make up their minds about the proposition of the former to purchase the property of the latter, have expired without any action being taken either way. All negotiations are, consequently, considered off.

Small-pox—Death Rate.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Two cases of small-pox were found to-day, and were removed at once by the health authorities to the hospital.

The death rate so far this week shows a falling off from the higher rate of the past few weeks.

Divorce Case—Transfer of Funds.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—A very interesting divorce action, entitled Rose Brooks vs. John L. Brooks, was called for trial to-day before Judge Wilson. Plaintiff prays for a divorce on the ground of desertion and for a division of the community property, amounting to $100,000.

Mayor Blake has signed the order transferring $50,000 of the water money to the new City Hall fund.

Immigration Matters.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The Secretary of the Immigration Association has received letters signifying the intention of twenty-five families, now in Leadville, Col., to come to California. The officers of the Hamburg line of German steamers have notified the Association that they will take immigrants from Hamburg to San Francisco, via Aspinwall, for $81 50, and provide for them on the trip. This statement was in response to letters of inquiry by Secretary Preston, who is in receipt of scores of letters for information from Germans.

Collision of Vessels.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—About 3 o'clock this morning the British iron ship City of Paris and British bark Scottish Hero dragged their anchors in the strong gale and drifted together. No serious damage was done beyond the breaking and carrying away of portions of the rigging. The bark had her bowsprit carried away, and the ship had her mizzenmast badly sprung. The tugs Monarch and Wizzard came to their relief, and after some time separated the fouled vessels and towed them to safer berths. A bark and a brig also collided to-day, but fortunately both escaped without material damage.

FOREIGN EVENTS.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

Dr. Lamson's Sanity.

LONDON, April 6th.—The father of Dr. Lamson has written a long letter, maintaining that the question of his son's insanity is not a new one, nor was it first raised after the trial, nor in America through promptings from England. The case, he says, was greatly prejudiced by Dr. Lamson's acts, showing as they did a severe monetary pressure. He expresses regret that the plea of insanity was put aside by the managers of the defense.

Heavy Emigration.

LONDON, April 6th.—The City of Rome takes out 1,150 steerage passengers for the States, and the Parisian 1,000 for Manitoba. The emigration is so great that the lines are putting on extra boats.

Ten Thousand Dollars for a Murderer.

DUBLIN, April 6th.—A reward of £2,000 is offered for information leading to the conviction of the murderer of Arthur Herbert.

Bismarck's Health.

BERLIN, April 6th.—The reports concerning Bismarck's health are unfavorable. His physicians recommend a long rest.

Further Jewish Persecution.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 6th.—Three soldiers (lancers) entered a liquor store kept by a Jew at Dashna, and demanded drinks. After some objection the eldest daughter of the Jew served them with liquor. A quarrel ensued, when the soldiers shot the proprietor, killed his two sons and an infant, outraged the daughter, brutally beat the mother and plundered the house.

BRIEF SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

In the Blake Sunday law trial the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

The man Frank Allring, who beat Lawrence Turner for refusing to be shanghaed, has been convicted of battery.

The City Attorney says it is the duty of the Supervisors to remove the Chinese quarter from the city if the Board of Health declares it a nuisance.

In the Gatherer cruelty case, the public interest increases and the Court-room is crowded hourly. Gustave Adlung testified how he was crushed about the eyes by the booted heel of the mate till he was made blind, and how the Captain refused to aid or assist him or hear his complaints. Henry Mills testified that he saw Adlung beaten. Saw the mate beat McCue also, and the Captain knew it and saw it. Saw Turner beaten, also Ohimar, Rasmussen and DeBroyer.

San Francisco Stock Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6, 1882.

MORNING SESSION.

1145 Ophir	2 25	250 A. Nevada	5¢
260 Mexican	5	50 Alpha	5c
510 Gould & C...	2 30@2 85	400 Utah	3 15@3 10
170 Best & B...	4 60@4 65	480 Bullion	25@30c
300 Chollar	2	20 Overman	75c
800 C. Virginia	55@60c	915 Justice	55@60c
700 Savage	65c	295 Union	31@32
600 Chollar	85@90c	1090 Alta	3 05
345 Potosi	75@8 c	500 Ad dos	5c
4 5 Hale & Nor	8 c	940 Scorpion	70c
160 Y. Jacket	1@25c	2800 Benton	35@40c
105 Belcher	50c		

AFTERNOON SESSION.

195 N. Belle	8¢	50 Concordia	2 25
100 Navajo	85c	150 Mono	1 75
400 Day	1 80	360 Con. Pacific	30c
135 Albion	2 90@2 95	540 Noonday	1 20@1 15
230 E. Mt. Diablo	15c	280 N. Noonday	1 10
590 Holmes	10c	1150 Oro	45c
20 South. n Nev	5¢	200 Bodie Tun	1 15
80 Bodie	5¢	100 Atlas	2 20
10 Bulwer	2 25	200 M White	4¢
40 Syndicate	35c	50 Bechtel	30c
150 Goodshaw	45c		

Charley Legate, of Virginia, has received the appointment of chief caterer at the State Insane Asylum at Reno.

MEN OF THE HOUR.

"Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them."—[SHAKESPEARE.

HON. WM. E. CHANDLER.

HON. WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, whose name was yesterday sent by President Arthur to the Senate of the United States as Secretary of the Navy, is a native of New Hampshire, having been born at Concord, December 28, 1835. Having acquired an academic education, he studied law, graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1855, with prize honors for an essay on the "Introduction of the Principles of Equity Jurisprudence into the Administration of the Common Law." A year later he commenced practice at the Bar, and in June, 1859, was appointed Law Reporter of the New Hampshire Supreme Court, and published five volumes of Reports. He early entered political life, and was a member of the New Hampshire Legislature in 1862, 1863 and 1864, and was Speaker of the House during the last two years, including the eventful conflict and riotous disturbances over the veto by Governor Gilmore of the soldiers' voting bill. In November, 1864, he was employed by the Navy Department as special counsel to prosecute the Philadelphia Navy Yard frauds, and on March 9, 1865, was appointed by President Lincoln the First Solicitor and Judge Advocate-General of that Department. In the following June he was appointed First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury with Secretary McCulloch, and held the office a little over two years, resigning November 30, 1867. Since that time Mr. Chandler has practiced law in New Hampshire and Washington; has been solicitor of the National Life Insurance Company of Washington, counsel and one of the proprietors of the Washington Market Company, and has engaged in some mining and railroad enterprises; and has also been the principal owner of the *Monitor and Statesman*, the leading daily and weekly Republican newspaper of New Hampshire, at Concord.

Mr. Chandler's political career has been marked by great activity and prominence. He was several times Secretary of the Republican State Committee of New Hampshire, and Chairman during the eventful campaigns of 1863, 1864 and 1865. He was a delegate-at-large to the National Convention of 1868, and so remained during the campaigns of 1868 and 1872. In November, 1876, he was elected from Concord a member of the New Hampshire Constitutional Convention.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Prices keep steady. Yesterday's exports embraced some 3,400 bbls, principally to Central American ports. Best City Extra, $5 25; Superfine, $4@4 50; Interior Extra, $4 25@4 75; Interior Superfine, $3 75@4 25 ₱ bbl.

WHEAT—Business to day was rather slow. Exporters do not anticipate any immediate marked advance, and therefore move very leisurely. On call a leading shipper offered to give $1 65 for a round lot of 1,000 tons, buyer 1882, which is considered a pretty good indication that the heavy exporting interest will purchase freely in open session the coming season, provided their wants can be as well and as promptly satisfied as on the outside. No. 1 White was offered at $1 62½, all April, with $1 60 bid, while a sale was recorded for September delivery of 100 tons at $1 56. For No. 1 Amber $1 57½ was bid, spot, but holders asked $1 62½. Similar quotations were presented on the call for extra choice Sonora. Liverpool advices show no material change in the situation at that center. Very little business is expected in the English markets for the balance of the week, as to-morrow will be observed as a general holiday in that country, while but little trading is ever done on Saturday except under special circumstances.

BARLEY—There is a disposition to secure Brewing on future account. The opening bid this morning for July delivery of old crop was $1 75 against $1 85 asked. The margin was gradually reduced until the selling limit reached $1 77½, when 100 tons changed hands. Spot lots of No. 1 Feed were in request, and all offerings were promptly taken at $1 50, about 75 tons changing hands, with more wanted at a like figure. A sale of 100 tons of August seconds was effected at $1 05. No. 1 Chevalier was offered at $1 62½ spot.

OATS—Holders do not appear to be willing sellers. Bidding to day was fairly active on the part of buyers, but no one would name a figure at which he would be willing to realize. Bids were made to purchase No. 1 at $1 65 in April, $1 45 in July, and $1 25 in September.

CORN—A 10 ton lot of Nebraska was offered at $1 60. For California there was no demand.

RYE—Transactions light. Spot lots of No. 1 are nominally worth $2@2 05. For September delivery $1 40 was asked.

HAY—Wheat, $14@15; Wild Oat, $13@14; Stable, $10@13 ₱ ton.

HOPS—Washington Territory are quotable at 19@21c; California, 23@25c; Oregon, 18@21c ₱ lb.

SEEDS—Mustard, $1 90@2 for Yellow; Canary, 5@5½c; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 3@3c for native, and 10@11c for imported; Alfalfa, 14@15c; Flax, $1 90@2 ₱ ctl.

POTATOES—Market depressed. Petalums, $1 70@1 90; Tomales, $1 70@1 90; Early Rose, $1 90@2; Garnet Chile, $1 40@1 60; Peerless, $1 60@1 70; Humboldt Red, $1 80@1 95; Peachblows, $2 ₱ ctl. New Potatoes, 4@6c ₱ lb.

BEANS—Bayos, $3@3 25; Butter, $3 75@4 for small, $4 25 for large; Lima, $5 50@6; Pea, $4 45@4 50; Pink, $2 50@3; Red, $2 50@3; small White, $4 45@4 50; large White, $4@4 25 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus is in good demand today and better prices were realized. Green Peas and Rhubarb continue plentiful. Asparagus, $1 75@2 25 ₱ box; Rhubarb, 4@6c ₱ lb; Squash, $20 ₱ ton for good Marrowfat; Dried Peppers, 18@20c ₱ lb; Artichokes, 2½@35c ₱ dozen; Parsnips, $2; Beets, $1; Carrots, 65@75c; Turnips, 75@$1 ₱ ctl; Cauliflower, 50@60c ₱ dozen; Cabbage, $1 ₱ ctl; Garlic, 1@1½c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 3@4c; Green Peppers, 15@20c; Tomatoes, 8@10c; Mushrooms, $1 ₱ box.

FRUIT—California Lemons are in large supply at reduced rates. Apples, $1 75 ₱ box for common, and $2 25@2 75 ₱ box for good to choice; Lemons, $6 50@7 50 ₱ box for Sicily and $1 75@2 50 for California; Limes, $8@10 ₱ box for Mexican; California Limes, $6@7 ₱ thousand; California Oranges, $2 50@3 for ordinary, and $3 25@4 25 ₱ box for choice; Tamarinds, 12@16c ₱ lb; Bananas, $2 50@4 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ₱ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried Apples, 7@7½c for sliced, 6@7c for quarters; Alden and Plummer, 12@12½c; Apricots, 21@22c; Blackberries, 14@16c; Figs, 4@7c for pressed and 3@4c for unpressed; Smyrna do, 18@20c; Nectarines, 14@15c; Peaches, 18@20c for peeled and 8@9c for unpeeled; Pears, 7@8c for whole and 9@10c ₱ lb for sliced; do, machine dried, 12½c; Plums, 11@14c for pitted and 4@6c for unpitted; German Prunes, 8@9c; French Prunes, 8½@9c ₱ lb; California Raisins, common layers, are quoted as follows for cash: $ @2 50 for whole, with the usual addition of 25c, 50c and 75c for halves, quarters and eighths. London layers sell at an advance of 25c all round. The customary discount is made on large purchases. Some offerings of inferior are made as low as $1@1 50 ₱ box.

HONEY—Comb, 14@18c; extracted, 6@8c for dark and 9@10c ₱ lb for white.

BUTTER—Receipts are about sufficient to meet local wants; but there are one or two orders on the market for outside price which somewhat strengthens values temporarily. Fancy, 27@27½c; good to choice, 25@26c; inferior lots from country stores, 20@22½c; firkin, 24@26c for good to choice new; Eastern, 17@20c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—Prices weak. California, 15@16c; Eastern, 17@20c; Western, 14@15c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Although the retail trade is understood to be fairly supplied, holders are rather more firm in asking prices. Quotations range to-day from 21½@22½c ₱ dozen. Values are expected to recede after the Easter festivities.

POULTRY—Market tolerably firm. Live Turkeys, gobblers, 14@15c ₱ lb; do Hens, 15@17c; dressed do, 14@16c ₱ lb; Roosters, $4 50@5 for old and $8@9 for young; Hens, $5@6 50; Broilers, $6 50@7 50, according to size; Ducks, $6@7 ₱ doz; Geese, $1 25@1 50 ₱ pair.

GAME—Full prices are being realized. Honkers, $3@3 50; Brandt, $1@1 25; White Geese, 75c@$1; Grey Geese, $2 25@2 50; Snipe, 75c@$1 for common and $2 25@2 50 for English; Hare, $1 25@1 50; Rabbits, $1@1 25 ₱ doz.

PROVISIONS—Fairly buoyant. Eastern Hams, 15½@16c; California Hams, 13@13½c; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 15@15½c; California Smoked Bacon, 13½c, for heavy and medium, and 14½c for light and extra light; Clear Sides, 14½@14½c; Pork, $18 50@19 for Extra Prime, $22@22 50 for Prime Mess, $23 50@24 for Mess, $24 for Clear and $24 50@25 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $16@18 ₱ bbl; Mess Beef, $10 50 for bbls and $6@6 50 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef, $12@12 50; Family Beef, $14 50@15 ₱ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 12½@13c ₱ lb; Beef Tongues, @ 50@10 ₱ dozen; Eastern Lard, 15½@16c ₱ lb for all styles and sizes of packages; California do, 10-lb tins, 13½@14c; 5-lb do, 14@14½c; pails, 15½@16c; kegs, 14@14½c; Royal do, 15½c for 10-lb, 15½c ₱ lb for 5-lb and 15½c for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—Comparative no business in progress. We quote as follows: San Joaquin, 10@13c ₱ lb; Southern burry, 10@12c; Northern free, 16@18c for good, 19@21c for choice; Mountain free, 13@16c, as to shrinkage; Nevada free, 15@18c; Lamb, 13@16c; Eastern Oregon Lamb, 20@25c; Valley do, 25@28c ₱ lb.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.

NEW YORK, April 6th.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour is dull and Wheat is irregular, latter at $1 35@1 40 ₱ bushel.

WOOL—California is steady at 12@14c for fall burry, and 16@23c for clean fall; spring burry, 15@18c; clean spring, 24@33c; pulled, 25@45c.

HIDES—California are quiet at 25@28c.

CHICAGO, April 6th.

WHEAT—$1 28½ for May.

CORN—73½c for May.

PORK—$17 82½ bid for May.

LARD—$11 17½ for May.

BACON—$9 65 for ribs for March, and $9 90 for short ribs.

LIVERPOOL, April 6th.

WHEAT—California spot lots are firmer at 9s 8d to 9s 11d. Cargo lots are 45s 6d for just shipped, 47s 6d for nearly due and 47s 9d for off coast.

San Francisco Meat Market.

Following are rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers:

BEEF—Prime, 7@7½c; medium grades, 5½@6c; inferior, 5@5½c ₱ lb.

VEAL—Large calves, 8c; small ones, 8@10c ₱ lb.

MUTTON—Wethers are quotable at 6@6½c, and ewes 5@5½c ₱ lb, according to quality.

LAMB—Quotable at 8@12½c ₱ lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 6½@7c for hard, and 5½@6½c for soft; dressed do, 8½@9½c ₱ lb for hard grain Hogs.

Sacramento Market.

[Corrected daily for the RECORD-UNION.]

SACRAMENTO, April 6th.

FRUITS — Apples, $2@3 ₱ box; Oranges, imported, $3@4 ₱ box; Lemons, Sicily, $8 50@9 50; Lemons, California, $2 50@3 ₱ box; Limes, $1 25@2 ₱ 100; Bananas, $3@4 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $6@9 ₱ dozen; Cocoanuts, $8 ₱ 100.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $2 50; Peaches, $3; Bartlett Pears, $2 75; Plums, $2 75; Blackberries, $2 75; Gooseberries, $3 25; Strawberries, $3 25; Apricots, $3; Muscat Grapes, $2 62½; Red Currants, $3 25; Cherries, $3 25.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 6@8c ₱ lb; do quartered, 6@8c; pears, peeled, 8@10c; do, unpeeled, 6@8c; Plums, pitted, 12@13c; Peaches, 10@11c; do, peeled, 19@20c; Prunes, German and French, 11@13c; Blackberries, 20c; Figs, California, 6@8c ₱ lb.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz., $1 75; assorted, gallon cans, $4 50; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 85; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Early Rose, $2@2 25 ₱ cwt; Nevada Potatoes, $2 25@2 50; Sweet, $3@4; Red, $1 75@2 25; New Potatoes, 6@8c ₱ lb. Cabbage, $1 50@2; Onions, Silverskins, $1@1 25 ₱ 100 lbs; Garlic, 4@5c ₱ lb; Carrots, $1 ₱ cwt; Turnips, $1 ₱ 100; bunch vegetables, 15c ₱ doz; Parsnips, 1½c; Beets, 1c; Celery, 75c ₱ dozen; Cauliflower, $1; Horseradish, 8@10c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 10@12c ₱ lb; Asparagus 7@8c ₱ lb; Pie-Plant, 9@11c ₱ lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 25 ₱ bbl.; Oatmeal, $4 75 ₱ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, $2 25@2 50; Cracked Wheat, $8.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 13@15c ₱ lb; dressed do, 15@16c ₱ lb; young Roosters, $5 50 ₱ doz; Hens, $6; Broilers, $4@5 50; Ducks, $6@7; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, fancy dairy, 25@27½c ₱ lb; Cheese, 16@17c; California Creamery, 20½; Factory, 13c; Eastern, full cream, 20½; Eastern, flats, 17c; fresh Eggs 19@20c ₱ dozen.

MEATS—Beef, 6@8c; Mutton, 6c; Pork, 8@9c; Veal, 7@8c.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat hay, ₱ ton, $15@17; alfalfa ₱ ton, $13@14; bran, ₱ ton, $16; middlings, $25 per ton; barley, whole, ₱ cwt, $1 50@1 60; barley, ground, ₱ cwt, $1 85; wheat, ₱ cwt, $1 75; tame oats, ₱ cwt, $2 10; corn, ₱ cwt $1 80.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 13@15c; Timothy, Eastern, 11@12c ₱ lb; Oregon, 8@10c; Red Clover, 18@18c; Red Top, 12½@13c; Nuts—English Walnuts, 10@11c; Almonds, 16@18c; Peanuts, 7@9c; Wool, market dull, holding for higher prices; mountain, 12@16c; tule, 17@18c; Tallow, 6@7c; Hides, green, 9@10c; dry, 19@19c; Hops, California, 21@26c for choice.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Postoffice at Sacramento on Thursday, April 6, 1882:

Ladies' List.

Ayers, Mrs Amelia M	McSweeney, Mrs C
Berry, Miss M F	Miller, Miss Sarah
Blair, Mrs Lizzie M	Martin (or Morton), Mrs
Burke, Mrs Annie C	Eliza L
Curry, Mrs James	Newell, Mrs Rachael A
Danforth, Mrs Malinda	Norton, Mrs Annie
Davis, Mrs Mary J	Parrin, Mrs E
Delaney, Mrs	Perth, Mrs Gwendoline
Dolar, Mrs James	Powers, Mrs Nellie
Dolan, Mrs Nellie	Redding, Mrs James M
Dunston, Mrs W H	Reed, Mrs L A
Galens, Mrs Ella	Richards, Miss Lizzie
George, Mrs Mary E	Roberts, Mary
Hewson, Mrs Lily	Sager, Mrs Lizzie B
Jacobs, Mrs Mary	Shepherd, Mrs John
Kingsley, Miss F	Sherman, Miss Francis
King, Mrs Lizzie	Stahl, Mrs Marth
Lemley, Hettie	Sullivan, Miss M
McCrano, Mrs Jennie	Thompson, Miss Isa
McGraw, Miss Sarah	Williams, Mrs Martha
McMahon, Mrs Nancy	

Gentlemen's List.

Abt, L	Harris M	Phinny, G H
Ambrose, J H	Henley, J C	Philips, A
Barrett, G	Hixton, Adam	Pool, J P
Blinn, W O 2	Hignett, C W	Reimers & Co, A J
Bowden, J A	Hite, J G	Riggs, S B
Brewster, Fred	Hopkins, Al	Riggs, J T
Brown, C A	Hoston, Geo	Richardson, J H
Carrie, Peirre	Jacobson, M	Savage, W C
Christy, Hugh	Jones, Samuel	Scherb, Geo
Clark, L B	Kent, A	Shaff, J W
Colles, J S	Kerns, T C	Shiok, M O
Condra, J	Kingsbury, J W	Simpson, Chas
Camitton, A P	Lamkin, C H	Smith, Dr J J
Cooley, N J	Lamar, Albert	Spurgeon, E C
Cook, J K	Ma-solino Jos	Sutherland, W J
Corson, Amos	McAlpin, David	Sullivan, Daniel
Crimmings, P	McAuliffe, Thos	Swedde, D O
Daneri, —	McGean, Edw	Tait, George
Duffy, C M	Miner, J E	Trandben, M
Ellson, J F	Nevis, J C	Turner, Frank
Fenton, Moses	Nesbitt, Wm	Vaughen, Chas
Fical, Chas	Newill, Edw 2	Vandermark, A
Francisco, Leon	Nathan, Chas	Watson, E 2
Frey, Samuel 2	Nielson, Carl	Webster, S B
Greer, B M	O'Brien, David	Williams, Jas
Gollop, James	Odell, P H	Williams, J L
Griffith, W W	Parmeland, F	Wilson, Chas
Groben, Henry	Parsons, E B	Woodman, C
Hamgan, Owen	Pearsons, C W	

Foreign.

Rafello, Grossi	Joas, de Almeira
Nerari, Bartolomeo	Manoel, Fortado Roza
Josedareza, Machado	Margarite, Carobas
Allesandero, Barsuglia	Joao, Jose Dias

Chinese.

Yee Sing & Co	Gee Lee
Que Kee & Co	Ah Loy
Ong Kee	

W. C. HOPPING, Postmaster.

BANKING HOUSES.

N. D. RIDEOUT, : : : : President
ALBERT GALLATIN, Vice-Pres't
A. ABEOTT, : : : : : : : : Cashier

CALIFORNIA
STATE BANK

SOUTHWEST COR. FOURTH AND J STS.

SACRAMENTO.

WILL OPEN APRIL 10, 1882.

WILL DRAW EXCHANGE ON ALL THE principal Atlantic and European cities.

☞ Will buy and sell National, County and Municipal Bonds, and transact a general Banking business. a6-4p1m

NATIONAL GOLD BANK

OF D. O. MILLS & CO., SACRAMENTO

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

EXCHANGE ON

New York, London, Dublin, Berlin, Paris

And all the principal cities of Europe.

Under our extensive arrangements we can make payments in any town or village in Germany, Austria, Hungary, France, Switzerland, Italy, Polish Russia, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, sending the money into the very house of the party who is to receive it. m11-tf

JAMES LAWRENCE ENGLISH

BANKER,

NO. 1010 FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN J and K, Sacramento.

☞ Commercial and Savings Deposits ceived, and a general banking business done.

Exchange on San Francisco and the East.

Interest was paid on Savings Deposits in this Bank, for the Semi-Annual Term ending DECEMBER 31st, at the rate of 6½ per cent. per annum. m1-4p1m

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF FORECLOSure and order of sale issued out of the Superior Court in and for the county of Sacramento, State of California, in the suit of W. H. Hevener vs. W. S. Runyan, Mary K. Runyan, Thomas Reynolds, John Foley, O. P. Goodhue and the Sacramento Lumber Company, duly attested the 30th day of March, 1882, I was commanded to sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the north half (N ½) of lots Nos. five (5) and six (6), and the whole of lot No. seven (7), in the block between S and T, Ninth (9th) and Tenth (10th) streets, as laid down in the official map of the city of Sacramento, in the county of Sacramento, State of California, to satisfy the decree in said cause. Notice is hereby given that on TUESDAY, the 25th day of APRIL, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court-house door, in said county, I will sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the above described property, to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States.

P. R. DRAY, Commissioner.

L. S. TAYLOR, Attorney for Plaintiff.

m31 1aw3wF

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT.—A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by H. C. KIRK & CO., Druggists, Sacramento, Cal. Orders by mail at regular prices. d7-4p1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOW RENT. LOW EXPENSES.

PROSPERITY.

We Are Gathering Strength Day by Day!

1,500!

FIFTEEN HUNDRED SQUARE FEET OF STORE ROOM ADDED WITHIN THE LAST WEEK, with more in contemplation. Why is it that the grand old principle of ONE PRICE, IN PLAIN FIGURES AND NO DEVIATION, is telling with such wonderful effect? The answer is simple for the acknowledged CHAMPIONS OF LOW PRICES.

ANDERSON & HAMM:

Because of their Low Rent and Low Expenses, they can and do—as the thousands who have visited their house can testify to—name LOWER PRICES than any other house in the city. We have bargains in

Dry Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing,
Furnishing Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats,
Millinery Goods,
Carpets, Etc.

WE ASK BUT A CALL TO BE CONVINCED OF THE ABOVE FACT.

**COUNTR

RETAKE OF PRECEDING PAGE

4

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This POWDER never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 Wall street, New York. m7-1y

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

—FOR—

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, SUCH AS COUGHS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THE FEW COMPOsitions which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvellous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues never equaled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed, the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their painful effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely defense. The prudent should not neglect it, and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its early use in sudden attack.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

H. C KIRK & CO.

Wholesale Agents.....Sacramento.

d4 MWFSwS

City Board of Examination

WILL HOLD AN EXAMINATION FOR APplicants for teachers' certificates at the High School Building, northeast corner Ninth and M streets, commencing at 6:30 A. M., April 12th.

[B. C.] a6-td

Hospital Supplies.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE THIRTY-SECOND section of an Act entitled "An Act providing for the government of the county of Sacramento," approved April 25, 1863, sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of said county up to 11 o'clock A. M.,

APRIL 19, 1882,

For furnishing supplies to the COUNTY HOSPITAL of the county of Sacramento, State of California, for the term of three months, commencing APRIL 19, 1882, and ending JULY 19, 1882.

☞ List of articles to be supplied can be seen on application at the office of the County Clerk.

All bids to be left with the County Clerk.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by sureties.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

☞ At the same time and place, bids will be received for WOOD as follows: Fifty Cords of Second Growth or Mountain White Oak, to be delivered at the County Hospital, and Twenty-five Cords of the same quality to be delivered at the County Jail.

m28-td THOS. H. BERKEY, Clerk.

REREGISTRATION.

WHEREAS, BY AN ORDER OF THE BOARD of Supervisors of Sacramento county, made in conformity with Section 1094 of the Political Code, and entered of record on the 9th day of December, 1881, canceling all names then on the Great Register of said county, and requiring a reregistration of the voters therein, all persons entitled to be registered as voters in said county are hereby notified to present themselves at the office of the County Clerk, in the Court-house at the city of Sacramento, for such registration.

Sacramento, December 10, 1881.

THOMAS H. BERKEY,

d10 tf County Clerk.

CARRIAGES

Nevada's Grand Gold Medals for 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879 and 1881.

EIGHT GOLD AND EIGHT SILVER MEDALS, 118 First Class Premiums for the best work from the Mechanics' Fair, San Francisco, and the different State Fairs held in this State and Nevada.

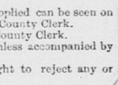
☞ One of my Buggies is worth Six Cheap Eastern Buggies.

HARRY BERNARD,

MANUFACTURER, COR. SIXTH AND L STREETS SACRAMENTO.

☞ I have on hand and for sale at the lowest possible prices, the new style of PONY PHAETONS, the handsomest in the State. Family Carriages, latest patterns. Neatest Open Buggies in the State. Light Top Buggies. Heavy Top Buggies for mountain use. Farmers' Carriages. Trotting Wagons and Sulkies, all of my own make. Carriage Painting and Trimming done at the lowest prices. None but the most experienced workmen employed. Repairing neatly done, and all work is warranted. Call at the Factory and see for yourself. a1-4ptf

PIKE & YOUNG,



CARRIAGE MANUFACTURers, corner of Fourth and I streets, Sacramento, have on hand the largest assortment of Carriages, Wagons and Buggies to be found in Sacramento, which they will sell at very low rates. m13-tp

BENSON & LESHER,

CARRIAGE-PAINTING AND Trimming; also, all kinds of signs. The cheapest and best place in the city for first class work. Give us a call and be convinced. Second street, between K and L. m20-4ptf

D. J. SIMMONS & CO GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

All classes Auction Business promptly attended to. Office, No. 1023 Fourth st., bet. J and K. fe7-4i6m

NEW STYLES

OF CHAMBER SETS AND FURNITURE, in Walnut and Ash, at

LOWEST PRICES.

W. D. COMSTOCK,

fe20-4ptf Fifth and K streets.

Finest Imported Claret,

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF,

JOHNSTON BUTTER,

TEA in One-Pound Cribbage Boxes, 75 Cents. With the Full Line of GROCERIES.

P. H. RUSSELL,

NO. 719 J STREET....(fe20-1n)....SACRAMENTO

THE PIONEER BOX FACTORY

Still Ahead of All Competitors.

COOKE & SON

CORNER OF

Front and M streets.....Sacramento.

a3-4ptf

SAN FRANCISCO.

Sale of the "Chronicle"—Not a Pleasant Mining Outlook—Small-Pox—The Police Commission—The O'Brien Estate—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The Grand Lodge resumed their labors at Dashaway Hall at 10 o'clock this morning. The usual routine business was transacted, after which the Committees on Appeals and Grievances submitted their reports. The minority report in the case of E. F. Loud, D. G. M., against Valley Lodge, No. 30, was adopted, reversing the decision of the Grand Master. The minority report in the Grainville Lodge, No. 13, vs. White, was adopted, reversing the decision of the subordinate Lodge, and reinstating White. A resolution was adopted that no matter for legislation be adopted after 2 o'clock. The Lodge then took a recess.

The Grand Lodge reconvened at 2 o'clock, when the newly elected officers were installed, and the Order closed its session this afternoon.

The "Chronicle" Sale.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The rumor that the *Chronicle* has changed hands, which has had currency here for many days, is now an open secret. The paper, it is said, will pass into the hands of railroad corporations, rivals to the Pacific coast railroad monopoly, and will be under the immediate management of representatives of the rival corporations. It will support whatever anti-monopoly movements may be developed in the coming campaign.

The Police Commission Question.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Saturday morning the Supervisors will meet and confirm the nominations for Police Commissioners of Messrs. Wells, Boyd and Beaver. The Supervisors maintain that the term of office of the present incumbents has expired. The present Police Commissioners, however, contend that they hold office until the Legislature acts in the premises, and they claim that the Legislature alone has the power to determine their term of office. There will, consequently, not be any surrender. Written opinions of prominent lawyers, taking the latter view of the case, have been placed in the hands of Governor Perkins, and an opinion was obtained by the Supervisors recently for the benefit of the Governor from the City and County Attorney, in which it was held that the right to appoint was vested in them.

Stock Taken In—Assessments.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Thirty thousand shares of Belcher stock had to be taken in by the company at the delinquent sale on Friday last.

The Holmes Mining Company has levied an assessment of 10 cents per share, and an assessment of 50 cents is levied by Best & Belcher.

The O'Brien Estate—Negotiations Considered Off.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—In the case of the estate of William S. O'Brien to-day, the Court decided that $1,000,000 should be reserved for possible creditors, and the balance of the estate distributed. The account of the executors was approved.

The five days' grace given by the San Francisco Produce Exchange to the stockholders of the Merchants' Exchange to make up their minds about the proposition of the former to purchase the property of the latter, have expired without any action being taken either way. All negotiations are, consequently, considered off.

Small-pox—Death Rate.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—Two cases of small-pox were found to-day, and were removed at once by the health authorities to the hospital.

The death rate so far this week shows a falling off from the higher rate of the past few weeks.

Divorce Case—Transfer of Funds.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—A very interesting divorce action, entitled Rose Brooks vs. John L. Brooks, was called for trial today before Judge Wilson. Plaintiff prays for a divorce on the ground of desertion and for a division of the community property, amounting to $100,000.

Mayor Blake has signed the order transferring $50,000 of the water money to the new City Hall fund.

Immigration Matters.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—The Secretary of the Immigration Association has received letters signifying the intention of twenty-five families, now in Leadville, Col., to come to California. The officers of the Hamburg line of German steamers have notified the Association that they will take immigrants from Hamburg to San Francisco, via Aspinwall, for $81 50, and provide for them on the trip. This statement was in response to letters of inquiry by Secretary Preston, who is in receipt of scores of letters for information from Germans.

Collision of Vessels.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.—About 3 o'clock this morning the British iron ship City of Paris and British bark Scottish Hero dragged their anchors in the strong gale and drifted together. No serious damage was done beyond the breaking and carrying away of portions of the rigging. The bark had her bowsprit carried away, and the ship had her mizzenmast badly sprung. The tugs Monarch and Wizzard came to their relief, and after some time separated the fouled vessels and towed them to safer berths. A bark and a brig also collided to-day, but fortunately both escaped without material damage.

FOREIGN EVENTS.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

Dr. Lamson's Sanity.

LONDON, April 6th.—The father of Dr. Lamson has written a long letter, maintaining that the question of his son's insanity is not a new one, nor was it first raised after the trial, nor in America through promptings from England. The case, he says, was greatly prejudiced by Dr. Lamson's acts, showing as they did a severe monetary pressure. He expresses regret that the plea of insanity was put aside by the managers of the defense.

Heavy Emigration.

LONDON, April 6th.—The City of Rome takes out 1,150 steerage passengers for the States, and the Parisian 1,000 for Manitoba. The emigration is so great that the lines are putting on extra boats.

Ten Thousand Dollars for a Murderer.

DUBLIN, April 6th.—A reward of £2,000 is offered for information leading to the conviction of the murderer of Arthur Herbert.

Bismarck's Health.

BERLIN, April 6th.—The reports concerning Bismarck's health are unfavorable. His physicians recommend a long rest.

Further Jewish Persecution.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 6th.—Three soldiers (lancers) entered a liquor store kept by a Jew at Daubna, and demanded drinks. After some objection the eldest daughter of the Jew served them with liquor. A quarrel ensued, when the soldiers shot the proprietor, killed his two sons and an infant, outraged the daughter, brutally beat the mother and plundered the house.

BRIEF SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

In the Blake Sunday law trial the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

The man Frank Allring, who beat Lawrence Turner for refusing to be shanghaed, has been convicted of battery.

The City Attorney says it is the duty of the Supervisors to remove the Chinese quarter from the city if the Board of Health declares it a nuisance.

In the Gatherer cruelty case, the public interest increases and the Court-room is crowded hourly. Gustave Adlung testified how he was crushed about the eyes by the booted heel of the mate till he was made blind, and how the Captain refused to aid or assist him or hear his complaints. Henry Mills testified that he saw Adlung beaten. Saw the mate beat McCue also, and the Captain knew it and saw it. Saw Turner beaten, also Ohimar, Rasmussen and DeBroyer.

San Francisco Stock Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6, 1882.

MORNING SESSION.

1145 Ophir	2 25	250 S. Nevada	55
260 Mexican	55	10 Alpha	55c
510 Gould & C.	2 30@2 85	400 Utah	3 15@3 10
170 Best & B.	4 60@4 65	480 Bullion	25@30c
850 California	10c	20 Overman	75c
800 C. Virginia	55@56c	915 Justice	56@50c
700 Savage	65c	295 Union	8½@9
600 Challar	35@37½c	1090 Alta	3 05
345 Potosi	75@8 0c	500 Andes	75c
4 5 Hale & Nor	85c	940 Scorpion	70c
160 Y. Jacket	40@55c	2800 Benton	35@40c
105 Belcher	50c		

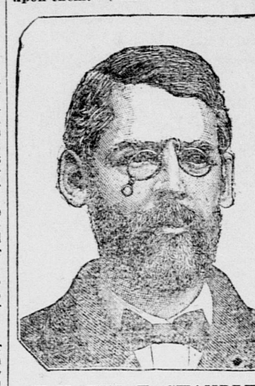
AFTERNOON SESSION.

195 N. Belle	8	50 Concordia	2 25
100 Navajo	80c	150 Mono	1 75
400 Day	1 85	360 Con. Pacific	30c
135 Albion	2 90@2 95	540 Noonday	20@21 15
893 E. Mt. Diablo	15c	280 N. Noonday	1 10
500 Holmes	10c	1150 Oro	45c
90 South'n Nev	5½	200 Bodie Tun	1 15
70 Bodie	5½	100 Atlas	2 20
10 Bulwer	2 20	266 M White	4½
400 Syndicate	35c	50 Bechtel	30c
150 Goodshaw	45c		

Charley Legate, of Virginia, has received the appointment of chief caterer at the State Insane Asylum at Reno.

MEN OF THE HOUR.

"Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them."—[SHAKESPEARE.



HON. WM. E. CHANDLER.

HON. WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, whose name was yesterday sent by President Arthur to the Senate of the United States as Secretary of the Navy, is a native of New Hampshire, having been born at Concord, December 28, 1835. Having acquired an academic education, he studied law, graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1855, with prize honors for an essay on the "Introduction of the Principles of Equity Jurisprudence into the Administration of the Common Law." A year later he commenced practice at the Bar, and in June, 1859, was appointed Law Reporter of the New Hampshire Supreme Court, and published five volumes of Reports. He early entered political life, and was a member of the New Hampshire Legislature in 1862, 1863 and 1864, and was Speaker of the House during the last two years, including the eventful conflict and riotous disturbances over the veto by Governor Gilmore of the soldiers' voting bill. In November, 1864, he was employed by the Navy Department as special counsel to prosecute the Philadelphia Navy Yard frauds, and on March 9, 1865, was appointed by President Lincoln the First Solicitor and Judge Advocate-General of that Department. In the following June he was appointed First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury with Secretary McCulloch, and held the office a little over two years, resigning November 30, 1867. Since that time Mr. Chandler has practiced law in New Hampshire and Washington; has been solicitor of the National Life Insurance Company of Washington, counsel and one of the proprietors of the Washington Market Company, and has engaged in some mining and railroad enterprises; and has also been the principal owner of the *Monitor and Statesman*, the leading daily and weekly Republican newspaper of New Hampshire, at Concord.

Mr. Chandler's political career has been marked by great activity and prominence. He was several times Secretary of the Republican State Committee of New Hampshire, and Chairman during the eventful campaigns of 1863, 1864 and 1865. He was a delegate-at-large to the National Convention of 1868, and so remained during the campaigns of 1868 and 1872. In November, 1876, he was elected from Concord a member of the New Hampshire Constitutional Convention.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Prices keep steady. Yesterday's exports embraced some 3,400 bbls, principally to Central American ports. Best City Extra, $5 25; Superfine, $4@4 50; Interior Extra, $4 25@4 75; Interior Superfine, $3 75@4 25 ₰ bbl.

WHEAT—Business to-day was rather slow. Exporters do not anticipate any immediate marked advance, and therefore move very leisurely. On call a leading shipper offered to give $1 65 for a round lot of 1,000 tons, buyer 1882, which is considered a pretty good indication that the heavy exporting interest will purchase freely in open session the coming season, provided their wants can be as well and as promptly satisfied as on the outside. No. 1 White was offered at $1 62½, all April, with $1 60 bid, while a sale was recorded for September delivery of 100 tons at $1 56. For No. 1 Amber $1 57½ was bid, spot, but holders asked $1 62½. Similar quotations were presented on the call for extra choice Sonora. Liverpool advices show no material change in the situation at that center. Very little business is expected in the English markets for the balance of the week, as to-morrow will be observed as a general holiday in that country, while but little trading is ever done on Saturday except under special circumstances.

BARLEY—There is a disposition to secure Brewing on future account. The opening bid this morning for July delivery of old crop was $1 75 against $1 85 asked. The margin was gradually reduced until the selling limit reached $1 77½, when 100 tons changed hands. Spot lots of No. 1 Feed were in request, and all offerings were promptly taken at $1 50, about 75 tons changing hands, with more wanted at a like figure. A sale of 100 tons on August account was effected at $1 05. No. 1 Chevalier was offered at $1 62½ spot.

OATS—Holders do not appear to be willing sellers. Bidding to-day was fairly active on the part of buyers, but no one would name a figure at which he would be willing to realize. Bids were made to purchase No. 1 at $1 65 in April, $1 45 in July, and $1 25 in September.

CORN—A 10 ton lot of Nebraska was offered at $1 60. No California there was no demand.

RYE—Transactions light. Spot lots of No. 1 prenominally worth $2@2 05. For September delivery $1 40 was asked.

HAY—Wheat, $14@15; Wild Oat, $13@14; Stable, $10@13 ₰ ton.

HOPS—Washington Territory are quotable at 19@21c; California, 23@25c; Oregon, 18@21c ₰ lb.

SEEDS—Mustard, $1 90@2 for Yellow; Canary, 5@6½c; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 8@9c for native, and 10@11c for imported; Alfalfa, 14@15c; Flax, 2½@2¾c ₰ lb.

POTATOES—Market depressed. Petaluma, $1 70@1 90; Tomales, $1 70@1 90; Early Rose, $1 90@2; Garnet Chile, $1 40@1 60; Peerless, $1 60@1 70; Humbol t Red, $1 80@1 95; Peachblows, $2 ₰ ctl. New Potatoes, 4@5c ₰ lb.

BEANS—Bayos, $3@3 25; Butter, $3 75@4 for small, $4 25 for large; Lima, $5 50@6; Pea, $4 45@4 50; Pink, $2 50@3; Red, $2 50@3; small White, $4 45@4 50; large White, $4@4 25 ₰ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus was in good demand today and better prices were realized. Green Peas and Rhubarb continue plentiful. Asparagus, $1 75@2 25 ₰ box; Rhubarb, 4@6c ₰ lb; Squash, $20 ₰ ton for good Marrowfat; Dried Peppers, 18@20c ₰ lb; Artichokes, 2½@3c ₰ dozen; Parsnips, $2; Beets, $1; Carrots, 65@75c; Turnips, 75@$1 ₰ ctl; Cauliflower, 50@60c ₰ dozen; Cabbage, $1 ₰ ctl; Garlic, 1@1½c ₰ lb; Green Peas, 3@4c; Green Peppers, 15@20c; Tomatoes, 8@10c; Mushrooms, $1 ₰ box.

FRUIT—California Lemons are in large supply at reduced rates. Apples, $1 75 ₰ box for common, and $2 25@2 75 ₰ box for good to choice; Lemons, $6 50@7 50 ₰ box for Sicily and $1 75@2 50 for California; Limes, $8@10 ₰ box for Mexican; California Limes, $6@7 ₰ thousand; California Oranges, $2 50@3 for ordinary, and $3 25@4 25 ₰ box for choice; Tamarinds, 12@15c ₰ lb; Bananas, $2 50@4 ₰ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ₰ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried Apples, 7@7½c for sliced, 6½@7c for quartered; Alden and Plummer, 12@12½c; Apricots, 21@22c; Blackberries, 14@16c; Figs, 4@7c for pressed and 3@4c for unpressed; Smyrna do, 18@20c; Nectarines, 14@15c; Peaches, 18@20c for peeled and 8@9c for unpeeled; Pears, 7@8c for whole and 9@10c ₰ lb for sliced; do, machine dried, 12½c; Plums, 11@14c for pitted and 4@6c for unpitted; German Prunes, 8@9c; French Prunes, 8½@9c ₰ lb; California Raisins, common layers, are quoted as follows for cash: 8 @2 50 for whole, with the usual addition of 25c, 50c and 75c for halves, quarters and eighths. London layers sell at an advance of 25c all round. The customary discount is made on large purchases. Some offerings of inferior are made as low as $1@1 50 ₰ box.

HONEY—Comb, 14@18c; extracted, 6@8c for dark and 9@10c ₰ lb for white.

BUTTER—Receipts are about sufficient to meet local wants; but there are one or two orders on the market for outside price which is somewhat strengthens values temporarily. Fancy, 27@27½c; good to choice, 25@26½c; inferior lots from country stores, 20@23c; firkin, 24@26c for good to choice new; Eastern, 17@20c ₰ lb.

CHEESE—Prices weak. California, 15@16c; Eastern, 17@18c; Western, 14@15c ₰ lb.

EGGS—Although the retail trade is understood to be fairly supplied, holders are rather more firm in asking prices. Quotations range to-day from 21½@23c ₰ dozen. Values are expected to recede after the Easter festivities.

POULTRY—Market tolerably firm. Live Turkeys, gobblers, 14@15c ₰ lb; do Hens, 15@17c; dressed do, 14@16c ₰ lb; Roosters, $4 50@5 for old and $8@9 for young; Hens, $5@6 50; Broilers, $6 50@7 50, according to size; Ducks, $6@7 ₰ doz; Geese, $1 25@1 50 ₰ pair.

GAME—Full prices are being realized. Honkers, $3@3 50; Brandt, $1@1 25; White Geese, 75c@$1; Grey Geese, $2 25@2 50; Snipe, 75c@$1 for common and $2 25@2 50 for English; Hare, $1 25@1 50; Rabbits, $1@1 25 ₰ doz.

PROVISIONS—Fairly buoyant. Eastern Hams, 15½@16c; California Hams, 13@13½c; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 15@15½c; California Smoked Bacon, 13½c, for heavy and medium, and 14½c for light and extra light; Clear Sides, 14½@14½c; Pork, $18 50@19 for Extra Prime, $22@22 50 for Prime Mess, $25 50@26 for Mess, $24 for Clear and $24 50@25 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $16@18 ₰ bbl; Mess Beef, $10 50 for bbls and $6@6 50 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef, $12@12 50; Family Beef, $14 50@15 ₰ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 12½@13c ₰ lb; Beef Tongues, $9 50@10 ₰ dozen; Eastern Lard, 15½@16c ₰ lb for all styles and sizes of packages; California do, 10-lb tins, 13@14c; 5-lb do, 14½@14¾c; pails, 15½@16c; kegs, 14@14½c; Roval do, 15½c for 10-lb, 15¾c ₰ lb for 5-lb and 16½c for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—Comparative no business in progress. We quote as follows: San Joaquin, 10@13c ₰ lb; Southern burry, 10@12c; Northern free, 16@18c for good, 19@21c for choice; Mountain free, 13@16c, as to shrinkage; Nevada free, 15@18c; Lamb, 13@16c; Eastern Oregon Lamb, 20@25c; Valley do, 25@28c ₰ lb.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.

NEW YORK, April 6th.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour is dull and Wheat is irregular, latter at $1 35@1 40 ₰ bushel.

WOOL—California is steady at 12@14c for fall burry, and 16@23c for clean fall; spring burry, 15@18c; clean spring, 24@32c; pulled, 25@45c.

HIDES—California are quiet at 23@23½c.

CHICAGO, April 6th.

WHEAT—$1 28½ for May.

CORN—73½c for May.

PORK—$17 32½ bid for May.

LARD—$11 17½ for May.

BACON—$9 65 for ribs for March, and $9 90 for short ribs.

LIVERPOOL, April 6th.

WHEAT—California spot lots are firmer at 9s 8d to 9s 11d. Cargo lots are 45s 6d for just shipped, 47s 6d for nearly due and 47s 9d for off coast.

San Francisco Meat Market.

Following are rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers:

BEEF—Prime, 7@7½c; medium grades, 5½@6c; inferior, 5@5½c ₰ lb.

VEAL—Large calves, 8c; small ones, 8@10c ₰ lb.

MUTTON—Wethers are quotable at 6@6½c, and ewes 5@5½c ₰ lb, according to quality.

LAMB—Quotable at 8@12½c ₰ lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 6½@7c for hard, and 5½@6½c for soft; dressed do, 8½@9½c ₰ lb for hard grain Hogs.

Sacramento Market.

[Corrected daily for the RECORD-UNION.]

SACRAMENTO, April 6th.

FRUITS — Apples, $2@3 ₰ box; Oranges, California, $3@4 ₰ box; Oranges, Imported, $3@4 ₰ box; Lemons, Sicily, $8 50@9 50; Lemons, California, $2 50@3 ₰ box; Limes, $1 25@2 ₰ 100; Bananas, $3@4 ₰ bunch; Pineapples, $6@9 ₰ dozen; Cocoanuts, $8 ₰ 100.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₰ doz, $2 50; Peaches, $3; Bartlett Pears, $2 75; Plums, $2 75; Blackberries, $2 75; Gooseberries, $3 25; Strawberries, $3 25; Apricots, $3; Muscat Grapes, $2 62½; Red Currants, $3 25; Cherries, $3 25.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 6@8c ₰ lb; do quartered, 6@8c; pears, peeled, 8@10c; do, unpeeled, 6@8c; Plums, pitted, 12@13c; Peaches, 10@11c; do, peeled, 19@20c; Prunes, German and French, 11@13c; Blackberries, 20c; Figs, California, 6@8c ₰ lb.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₰ doz., $1 75; assorted, gallon cans, $4 50; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 85; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Early Rose, $2@2 25 ₰ cwt; Nevada Potatoes, $2 25@2 50; Sweet, $3@4; Red, $1 75@2 25; New Potatoes, 6@8c ₰ lb. Cabbage, $1 50@2; Onions, Silverskins, $1@1 25 ₰ 100 lbs; Garlic, 4@5c ₰ lb; Carrots, $1 ₰ cwt; Turnips, $1 ₰ 100; bunch vegetables, 15c ₰ doz; Parsnips, 1½c; Beets, 1c; Celery, 75c ₰ dozen; Cauliflower, $1; Horseradish, 8@10c ₰ lb; Green Peas, 10@12c ₰ lb; Asparagus 7@8c ₰ lb; Pie-Plant, 9@11c ₰ lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 25 ₰ bbl.; Oatmeal, $4 75 ₰ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, $2 25@2 50; Cracked Wheat, $3.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 13@15c ₰ lb; dressed do, 15@16c ₰ lb; young Roosters, $5 50 ₰ doz; Hens, $6; Broilers, $4@5 50; Ducks, $6@7; Geese, $1 50@2 ₰ pair.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, fancy dairy, 25@27½c ₰ lb; Cheese, 16@17c; California Creamery, 20½; Factory, 15c; Eastern, full cream, 20½; Eastern, flats, 17c; fresh Eggs 19@20c ₰ dozen.

MEATS—Beef, 6@8c; Mutton, 6c; Pork, 8@9c; Veal, 7@8c.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat hay, ₰ ton, $15@17; alfalfa ₰ ton, $13@14; bran, ₰ ton, $16; middlings, $25 per ton; barley, whole, ₰ cwt, $1 50@1 60; barley, crushed, ₰ cwt, $1 85; wheat, ₰ cwt, $1 75; same oats, ₰ cwt., $2 10; corn, ₰ cwt. $1 80.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 13@15c; Timothy, Eastern, 11@12c ₰ lb; Oregon, 8@10c; Red Clover, 16@18c; Red Top, 12@13c; Nuts—English Walnuts, 10@11c; almonds, 16@18c; Peanuts, 7@9c; Wool, market dull, holding for higher prices; mountain, 12@16c; tule, 17@18c; Tallow, 6@7c; Hides, green, 6@10c; dry, 12@19c; Hops, California, 21@26c for choice.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN the Postoffice at Sacramento on Thursday, April 6, 1882:

Ladies' List.

Ayers, Mrs Amelia M	McSweeney, Mrs C
Berry, Miss M F	Miller, Miss S rah
Blair, Mrs Lizzie M	Martin or Morton, Mrs Eliza L
Burke, Mrs Annie C	Newell, Mrs Rachael A
Curry, Mrs James	Norton, Mrs Annie
Danforth, Mrs Malinda	Perrin, Mrs E
Davis, Mrs Mary J	Perth, Mrs Gwendoline
Delaney, Mrs	Powers, Mrs Nellie
Dolan, Mrs James	Redding, Mrs James M
Dolan, Mrs Nellie	Reed, Mrs L A
Dunston, Mrs W H	Richards, Miss Lizzie
Galena, Mrs Ella	Roberts, Mary
George, Mrs Mary E	Sager, Mrs Lizzie B
Hewson, Mrs Lily	Shepherd, Mrs John
Jacobs, Mrs Mary	Sherman, Miss Francis
Kingsley, Miss F	Stahl, Mrs Marth
King, Mrs Lizzie	Sullivan, Miss M
Lemley, Hettie	Thompson, Miss Isa
McCrano, Mrs Jennie	Williams, Mrs Martha
McGraw, Miss Sarah	
McMahon, Mrs Nancy	

Gentlemen's List.

Abt, L	Harris M	Phinny, G H
Ambrose, J H	Henley, J C	Philips, A
Barrett G	Hixton, Adam	Pool, J P
Blinn, W O 2	Hazlett C W	Reimers & Co, A J
Bowden, J A	Hite, J G	Schorb, Geo
Brewster, Fred	Hopkins, Al	Riggs, S B
Brown, C A	Hoston, Geo	Riggs, J T
Carrire, Peirre	Jacobson, M	Richardson, J H
Christy, Hugh	Jones, Samuel	Savage, W C
Clark, L B	Kent, A	Scherb, Geo
Coles, J S	Kerns, T C	Shaff, J W
Condra, J	Kingsbury, J W	Shlok, M O
Camilton, A P	Lunkin, C H	Simpson, Chas
Cooley, N J	Lamar, Albert	Smith, Dr J J
Cook, J R	Mansfield, J	Spurgeon, E C
Corson, Amos	McAlpin, David	Sutherland, W J
Crimmings, P	McAuliffe, Thos	Sullivan, Daniel
Daneri, —	McGean, Edw	Swedde, D O
Duffy, C M	Miner, J E	Tait, George
Ellison, J F	Nevis, J C	Tranthen, M
Fenton, Moses	Nesbitt, Wm	Turrer, Frank
Fical, Chas	Newill, Eda-2	Vaughen, Chas
Francisco, Leon	Nathan, Chas	Vandermark, A
Frey, Samuel-2	Nielson, Carl	Watson, R-2
Greer, B M	O'Brien, David	Webster, S B
Gollop, James	Odell, P H	Williams, Jas
Griffith, W W	Parmeland, F	Williams, J L
Groben, Henry	Parsons, E B	Wilson, Chas
Hamgan, Owen	Pearsons, C W	Woodman, C

Foreign.

Rafello, Grossi	Joas, de Almeira
Nerani, Bartolomeo	Manoel, Fortado Roza
Josedarezs, Machado	Margarete, Carobas
Allesandero, Barsuglia	Joao, Jose Dias

Chinese.

Yee Sing & Co	Gee Lee
Que Kee & Co	Ah Loy
Ong Kee	

W. C. HOPPING, Postmaster.

BANKING HOUSES.

N. D. RIDEOUT, : : : : President
ALBERT GALLATIN, Vice-Pres't
A. ABBOTT, : : : : : : : Cashier

CALIFORNIA STATE BANK

SOUTHWEST COR. FOURTH AND J STS.

SACRAMENTO.

WILL OPEN APRIL 10, 1882.

WILL DRAW EXCHANGE ON ALL THE principal Atlantic and European cities.

☞ Will buy and sell National, County and Municipal Bonds, and transact a general Banking business. a6-4p1m

NATIONAL GOLD BANK

OF D. O. MILLS & CO., SACRAMENTO

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

EXCHANGE ON

New York, London, Dublin, Berlin, Paris

And all the principal cities of Europe.

Under our extensive arrangements we can make payments in any town or village in Germany, Austria, Hungary, France, Switzerland, Italy, Polish Russia, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, sending the money into the very house of the party who is to receive it. m11-tf

JAMES LAWRENCE ENGLISH BANKER,

NO. 1010 FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN J and K, Sacramento.

☞ Commercial and Savings Deposits received, and a general banking business done.

Exchange on San Francisco and the East.

Interest was paid on Savings Deposits in this Bank, for the Semi-Annual Term ending DECEMBER 31st, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum. m1-4p1m

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF FORECLOsure and order of sale issued out of the Superior Court in and for the county of Sacramento, State of California, in the suit of W. H. Hevener vs. W. S. Runyan, Mary K. Runyan, Thomas Reynolds, John Foley, O. P. Goodhue and the Sacramento Lumber Company, duly attested the 30th day of March, 1882, I was commanded to sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the north half (N ½) of lots Nos. five (5) and six (6), and the whole of lot No seven (7), in the block between S and T, Ninth (9th) and Tenth (10th) streets, as laid down in the official map of the city of Sacramento, in the county of Sacramento, State of California, to satisfy the decree in said cause. Notice is hereby given that on TUESDAY, the 25th day of APRIL, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court-house door, in said county, I will sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the above described property, to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States.

D. RRAY, Commissioner.

L. S. TAYLOR, Attorney for Plaintiff.

m31 law3wF

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A CURE GUARANTEED.

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